

Survey

tinyurl.com/gened1112MarchSurvey



GenEd 1112 Survey

This survey, designed to help the teaching staff structure the remainder of our semester, will not be widely circulated, but it is "public" in that your answers are not confidential. Please see the final question if you would like to express any thoughts confidentially.

Email *

Valid email

This form is collecting emails. [Change settings](#)

Prediction: Week 8

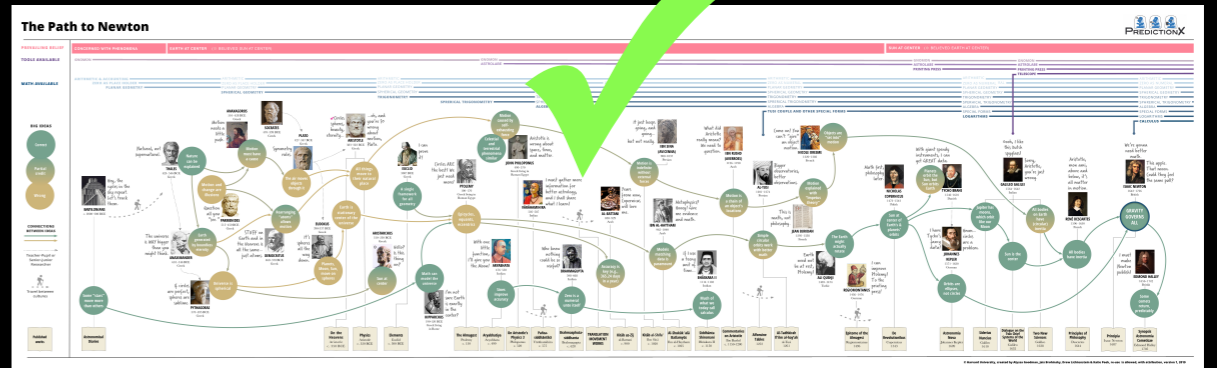
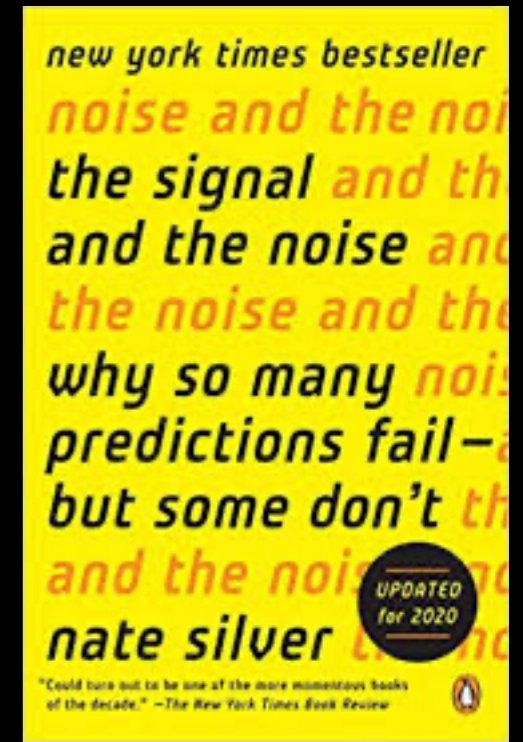
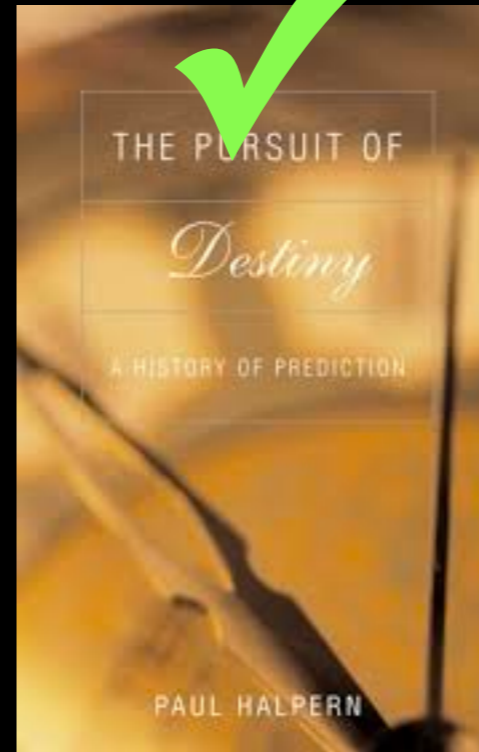
Introduction to Modern “Simulations” (Modern Predictions)

(Your final projects)

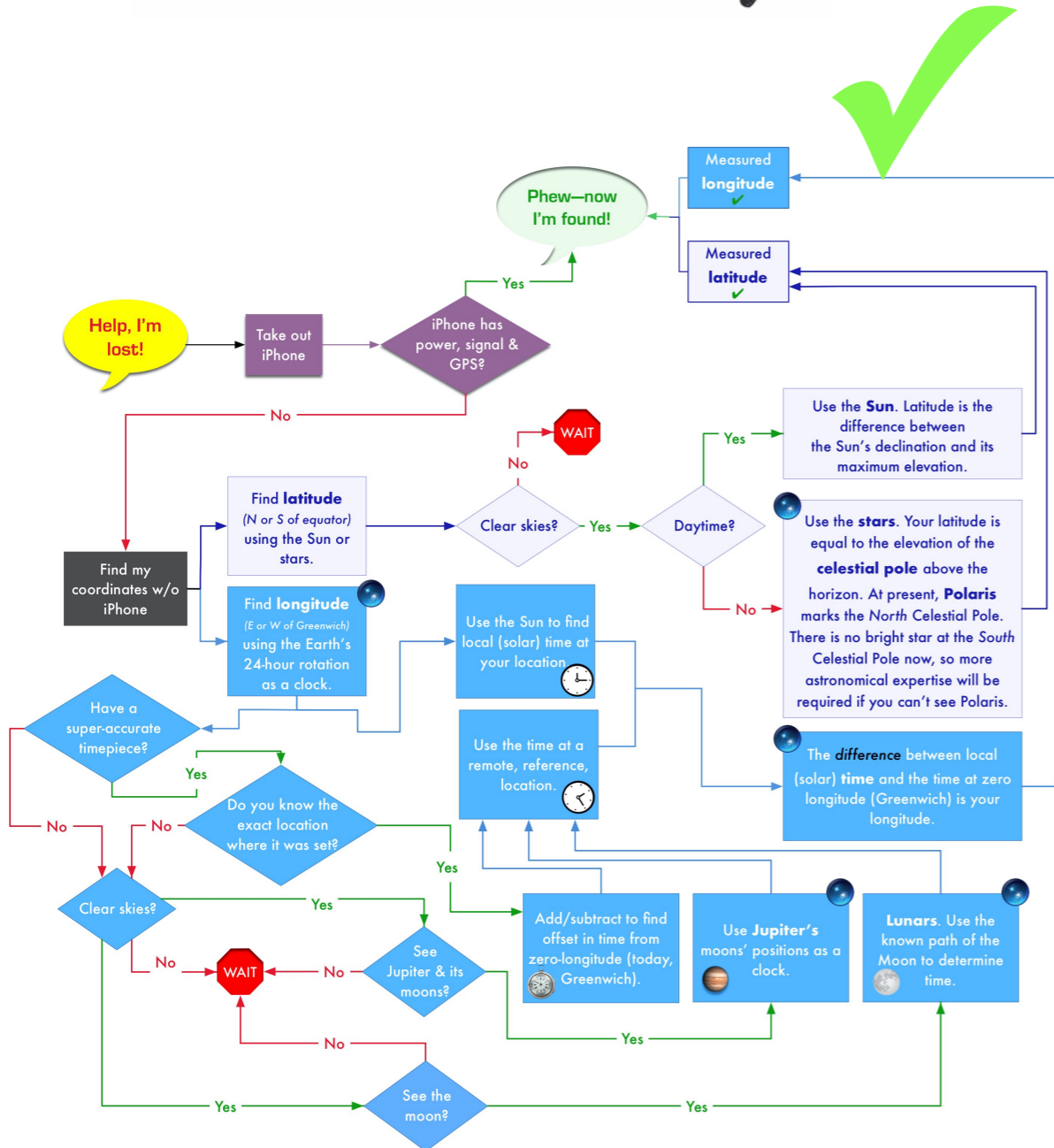
How to evaluate and appreciate **accuracy and uncertainty in Predictions.**

Weather & Climate Prediction

First— Where are we?

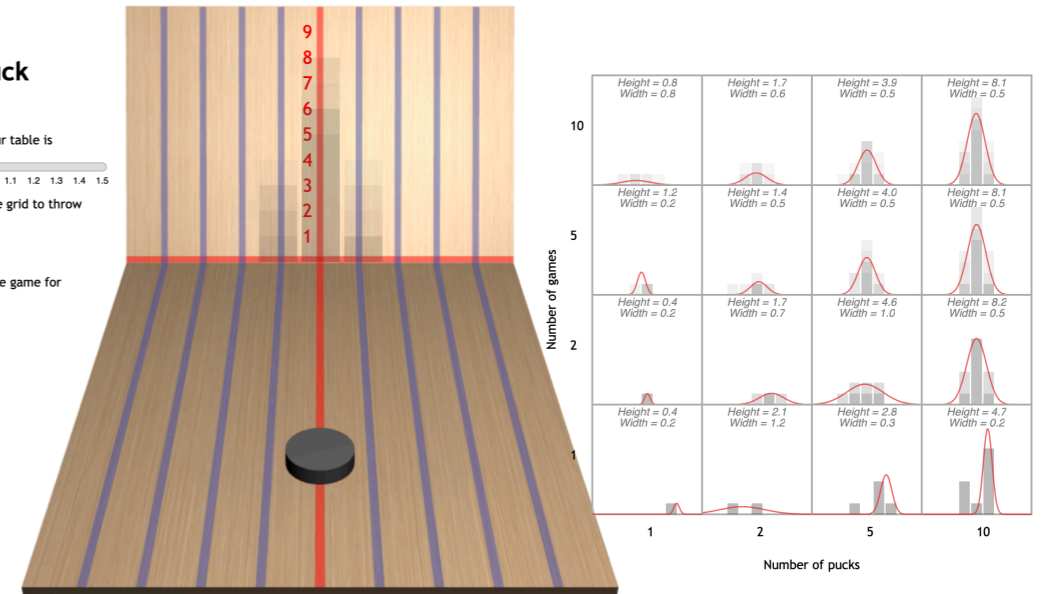


PREDICTIONX



Slide-the-puck

1. Decide how rough your table is
2. Click anywhere on the grid to throw the puck
3. Click [here](#) to finish the game for you



☆ Favorite ↗ Share ...

Modern Prediction

This cluster includes expert interviews with researchers across an array of disciplines with the unifying topic of modern predictive systems. Learn about prediction efforts in Earth, Space, Health, Wealth, and the Future of the Future, accompanied by annotations and links to deepen your understanding.



Introduction to Modern “Simulations” (Modern Predictions)

0

Biological Sciences
+5

English

Knowledge
None

LabXchange
Standard License



Earth



Space



Health



Wealth



The Future of the Future

“Modern Prediction” Interviews at PredictionX.org



Prediction & Philosophy

Agustin Rayo

Prediction in Astrophysics

Avi Loeb

Artificial Intelligence

Ben Shneiderman

Predicting Health, and Earthquakes

Brendan Meade and Susan Murphy

Prediction & Psychology

Dan Gilbert

The Future of Energy and the Earth

Dan Kammen

Behavioral Economics

David Laibson

Personal Genomics

George Church

Climate Change

Gina McCarthy

Population Genetics

Immaculata De Vivo and Peter Kraft

The Search for Extraterrestrial Intelligence

Jill Tarter

Epidemiology

Megan Murray

Philosophy & Prediction

Ned Hall

The Business of the Future of Energy and the Earth

Rebecca Henderson

Uncertainty in Science

Stuart Firestein

+ Brand-new
Podcast Episodes
coming to
PredictionX.org
& Spotify

List of UK Interviews Conducted by Alyssa Goodman, September 2022

[David Wallom](#)

Energy Future and Climate Mitigation

Professor of Informatics within the Department for Engineering Science at University of Oxford

[Laura Van Broekhoven](#)

Ancient Mesoamerica, Appropriation of Knowledge

Professor of Museum Studies, Ethics and Material Culture at University of Oxford

[Sir David Spiegelhalter](#)

Public Understanding of Risk, Uncertainty

Chair of the Winton Centre for Risk and Evidence Communication at University of Cambridge

[Lord Martin Rees](#)

On the Future

Emeritus Professor of Cosmology and Astrophysics at the University of Cambridge

[Tim Palmer](#)

Weather and Climate Modeling, Ensemble Modeling, Uncertainty

Royal Society Research Professor in Climate Physics, Senior Fellow at Oxford Martin Institute at University of Oxford

[Richard Ovenden](#)

Transfer of Knowledge, re:Path to Newton

Professorial Fellow and Bodley's Librarian at University of Oxford

[Scott Osprey](#)

Climate Modeling Uncertainty and Carbon Recovery

Senior Research Scientist of the Department of Physics at University of Oxford

[Myles Allen](#)

Climate Modeling Uncertainty and Carbon Recovery

Professor of Geosystem Science

[Jacob Dahl](#)

Haruspicy, Astronomy, and Gods

Professor of Assyriology

[Parsa Daneshmand](#)

Haruspicy, Astronomy, and Gods

Research Fellow at University of College London

[Rob Iliffe](#)

Isaac Newton

Professor of History of Science at Oxford, Co-Director of the Oxford Centre for the History of Science, Medicine and Technology at University of Oxford

[Katherine Blundell](#)

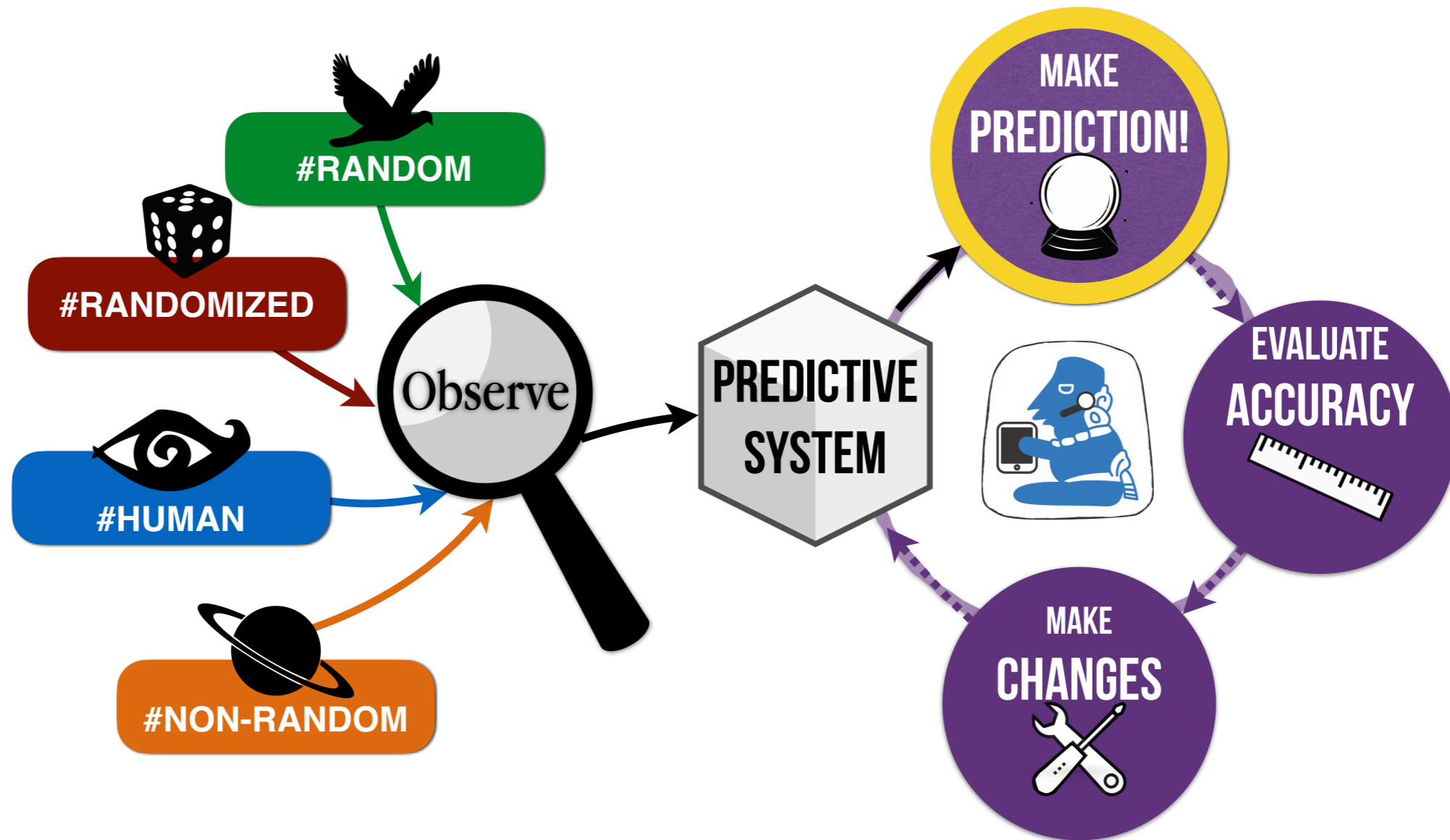
Astrophysics and "Expectations" re:Padua Rainbow

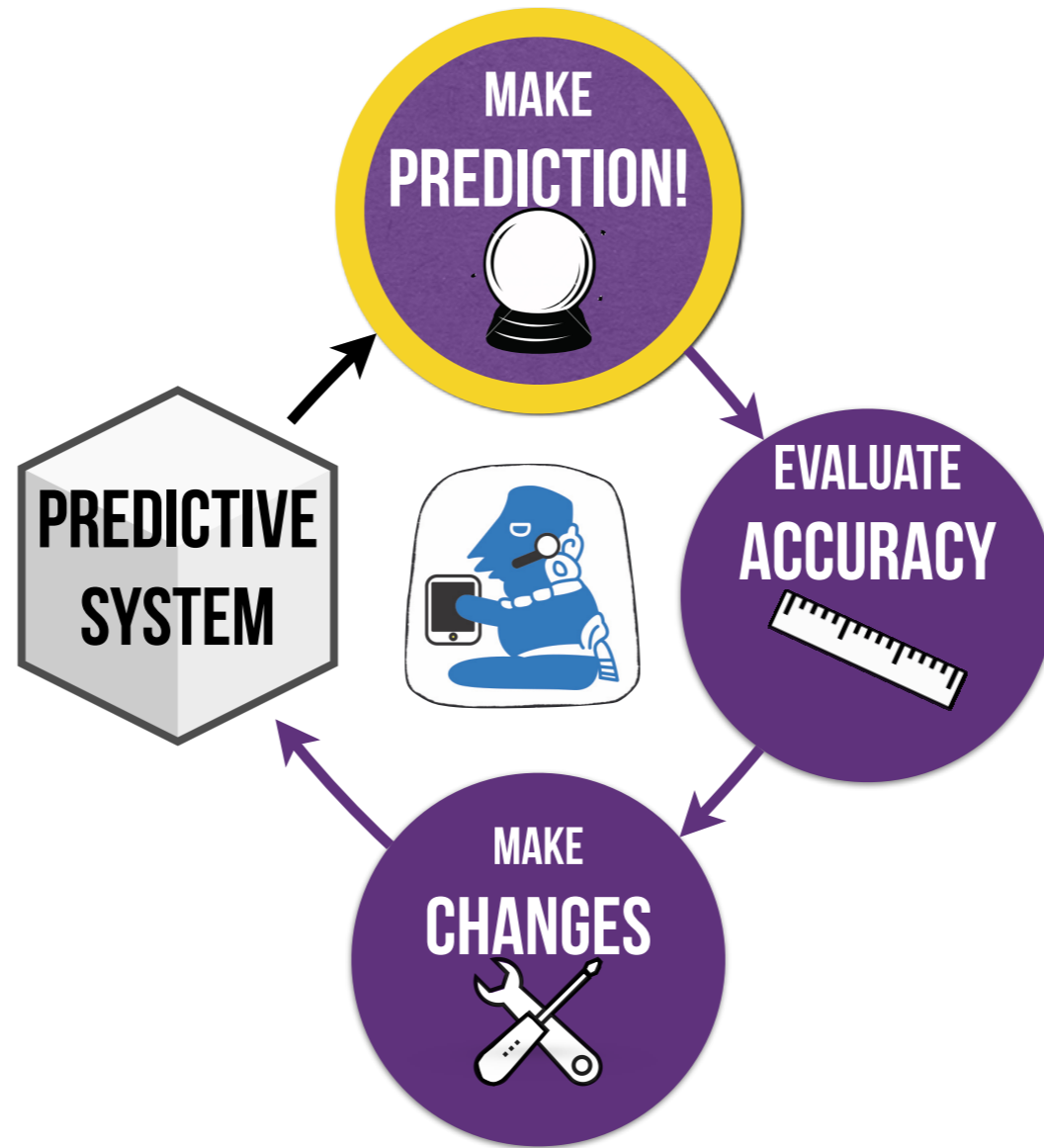
Professor of Physics at University of Oxford

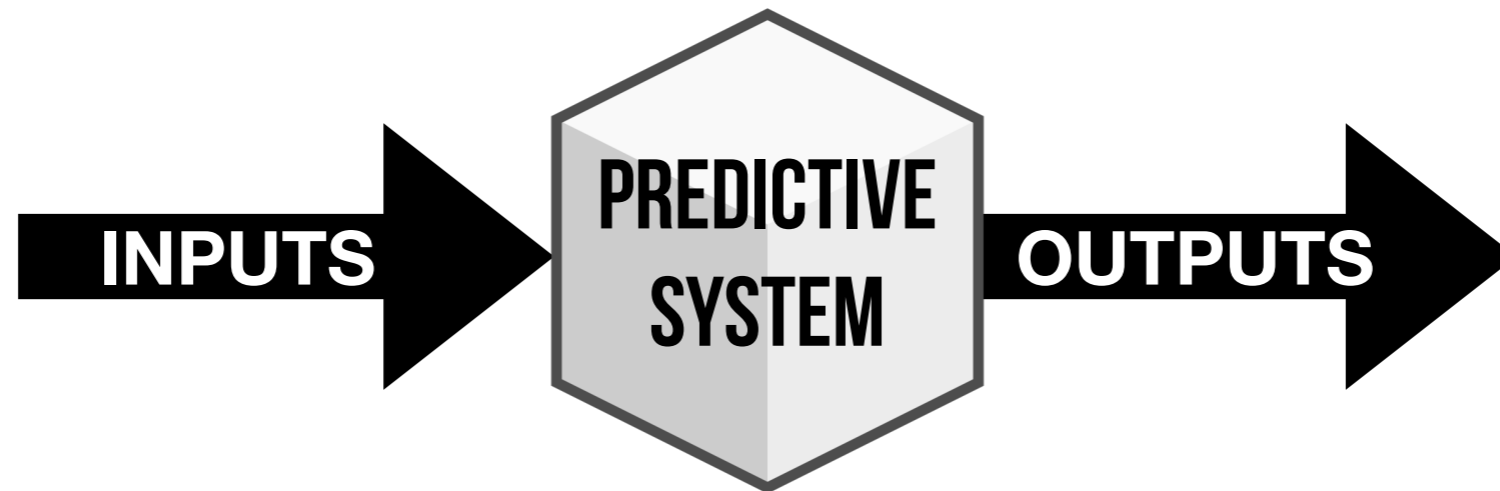
...stay-tuned

What's a "Prediction"? (V3)

"MODERN PREDICTION" & the Framework





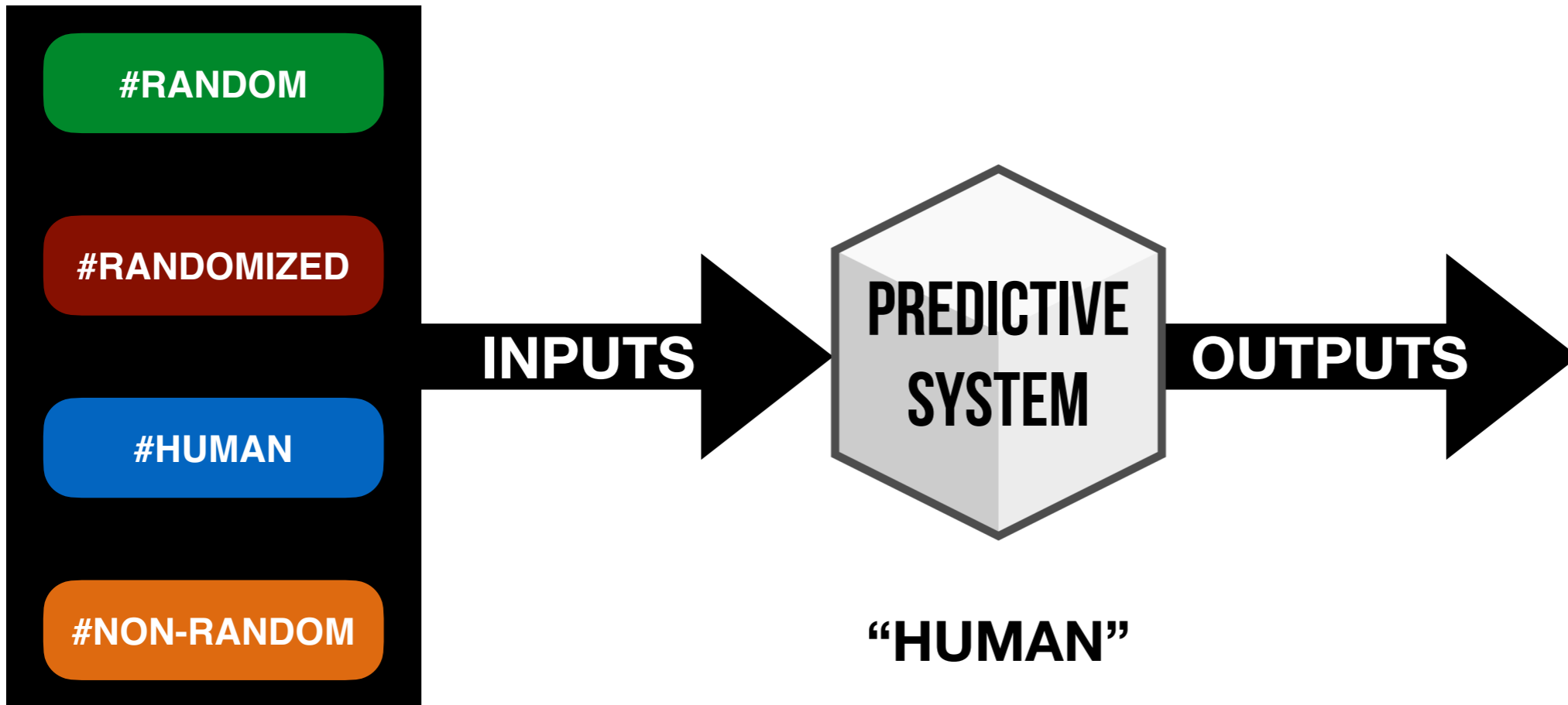


“HUMAN”

STATISTICAL

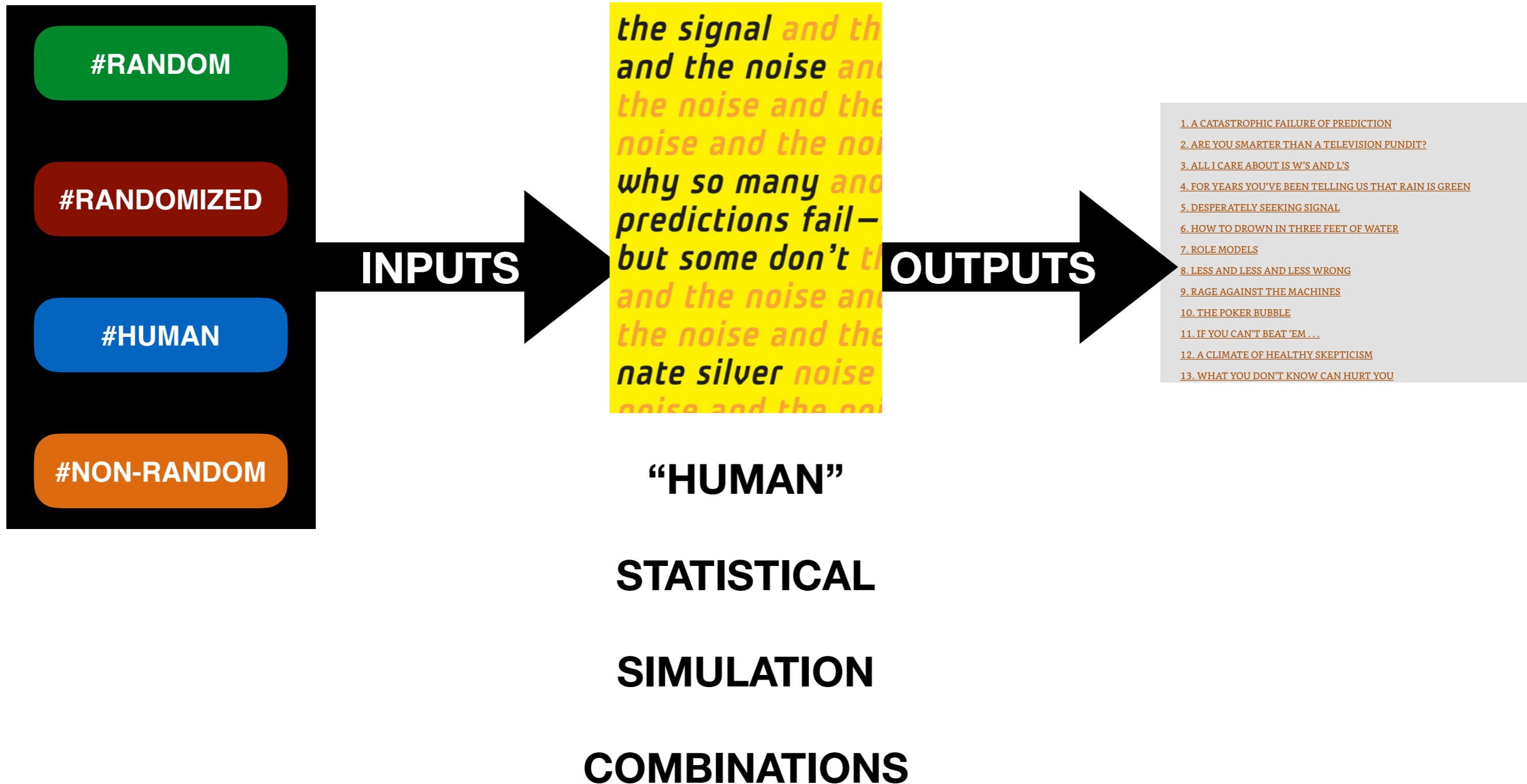
SIMULATION

COMBINATIONS



“HUMAN”
STATISTICAL
SIMULATION
COMBINATIONS

A variety of such examples are presented in *The Signal and the Noise*, by Nate Silver



"MODERN PREDICTION"

Kinds of



"HUMAN"

STATISTICAL

SIMULATION

COMBINATIONS

To make predictions about



EARTH



HEALTH



SPACE



WEALTH

AND MORE...

With outcomes that are either "deterministic" or "probabilistic."

[where we are heading, later]

March 22, 2023

Table Slides

"MODERN PREDICTION"

Kinds of



"HUMAN"
STATISTICAL
SIMULATION
COMBINATIONS

To make predictions about



EARTH



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With outcomes that are either "deterministic" or "probabilistic."

2023 US recession now expected to start later than predicted

By CHRISTOPHER RUGABER February 27, 2023



A potential buyer looks over a 2023 Cooper S sedan on the floor of a Mini dealership Friday, Feb. 17, 2023, in Highlands Ranch, Colo. Over the past year, the Fed has raised its key short-term rate eight times, causing many kinds of consumer and business loans, including auto loans, to become more expensive. (AP Photo/David Zalubowski)



Click to copy

WASHINGTON (AP) — A majority of the nation’s business economists expect a U.S. recession to begin later this year than they had previously forecast, after a series of reports

submitted by Gary Zhan

TABLE 1: WEALTH

Advisor > Mortgages

Advertiser Disclosure

Housing Market Predictions For 2023: Are Home Prices Finally Becoming Affordable?



By Robin Rothstein
Forbes Advisor Staff



Rachel Witkowski
Editor

Updated: Mar 16, 2023, 5:00pm

New Member

submitted by Ilija Wan-Simm

Low Rates Were Meant to Last. Without Them, Finance Is In for a Rough Ride.

Economists expected inflation and rates to stay low for years. With Silicon Valley Bank’s implosion, Wall Street is starting to reckon with how wrong that prediction has proved.

submitted by Victoria Ono

Home > Stock Market > News >> A Rogue Version Of ChatGPT Is Predicting The Stock Market Will Crash This Week. Here's Why It's Wrong.

A rogue version of ChatGPT is predicting the stock market will crash this week. Here's why the AI chatbot is dead wrong.

MATTHEW FOX | MAR 15, 2023, 20:08 IST



submitted by Sara Kapoor

TABLE 2: AI, group 1

125 Comments

MEDICINE

AI develops cancer treatment in 30 days, predicts survival rate

By Brooke Steinberg

March 20, 2023 | 9:32am | Updated



submitted by Anh-Tu Le

GUEST ESSAY

Noam Chomsky: The False Promise of ChatGPT

March 8, 2023 7 MIN READ

By Noam Chomsky, Ian Roberts and Jeffrey Watumull

Dr. Chomsky and Dr. Roberts are professors of linguistics. Dr. Watumull is a director of artificial intelligence at a science and technology company.



MIT News

ON CAMPUS AND AROUND THE WORLD

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SEARCH NEWS



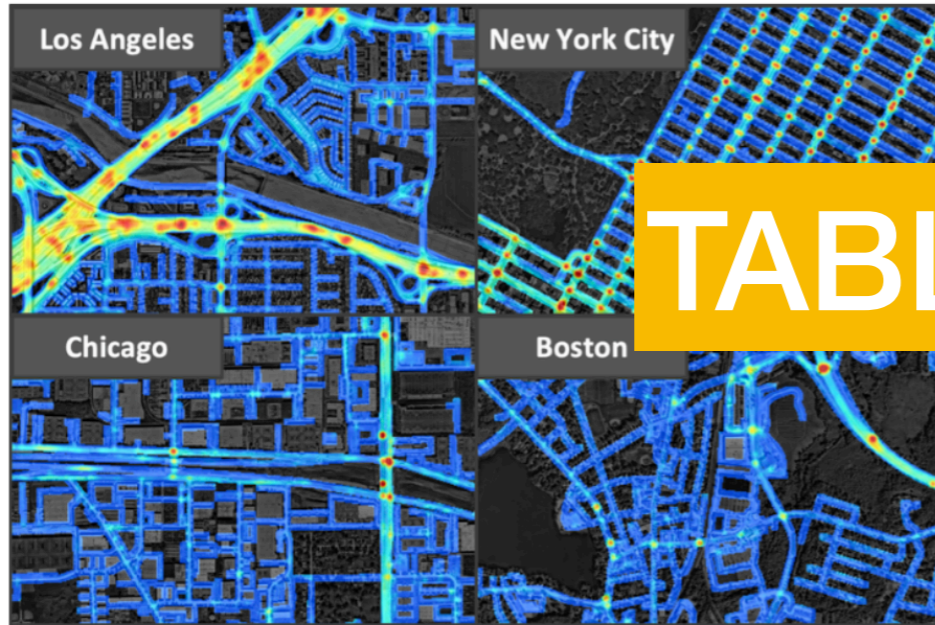
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Deep learning helps predict traffic crashes before they happen

A deep model was trained on historical crash data, road maps, satellite imagery, and GPS to enable high-resolution crash maps that could lead to safer roads.

Rachel Gordon | MIT CSAIL
October 12, 2021



A dataset that wa... maps covered 7,500... Los Angeles, New Boston. Among th

Aug 7, 2018

TABLE 3: AI, group 2

submitted by Harry Moore



submitted by Devagana Rana

Tinder may not get you a date. It will get your data.

Valentines come and go, but what you put online could be forever.

By Rebecca Heilwell | Feb 14, 2020, 1:50pm EST

f t SHARE

submitted by Chaelon Simpson

The hunt for a better weather forecast

Tech start-ups are aiming for more precise predictions with new techniques, but progress is slow



By Pranshu Verma

Updated January 20, 2023 at 10:29 a.m. EST | Published January 20, 2023 at 6:00 a.m. EST



submitted by Michael Hume



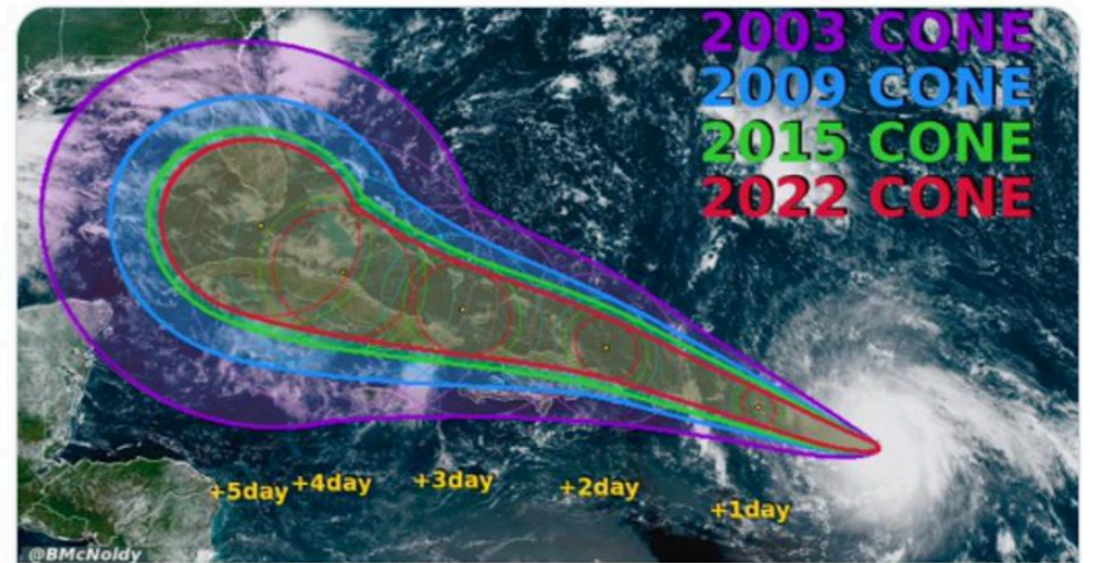
DAILY SPOTLIGHT MACRON'S UNCERTAIN FU

submitted by Tara Mooney



Brian McNoldy
@BMcNoldy · Follow

NHC has just completed all of the post-season reports on the Atlantic tropical cyclones of 2021. I kick off the *27th* year of my blog with a sneak peek at the 2022 cone of uncertainty and thoughts on visualizing uncertainty in intensity forecasts.



bmcnoldy.blogspot.com

2022 "Cone of Uncertainty" Update & Refres

The cone of uncertainty has narrowed in recent decac

FORBES > INNOVATION > SCIENCE

EDITORS' PICK

Was The Forecast For Hurricane Ian Bad? Depends On Your Perspective

Marshall Shepherd Senior Contributor

Follow

CLIMATE • EXTREME WEATHER

The Scariest Part of the New U.N. Climate Report? What Scientists Can't Predict

The New U.N. Climate Report Has Arrived. Resist the Urge to D

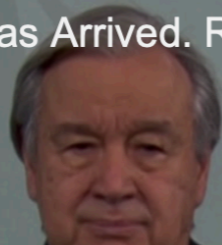


TABLE 4: Earth (Weather + a little climate)

submitted by Hudson Yang

World Has Less Than a Decade to Stop Catastrophic Warming, U.N. Panel Says

A new report says it is still possible to hold global warming to relatively safe levels, but doing so will require global cooperation, billions of dollars and big changes.



By Brad Plumer

March 20, 2023 Updated 6:05 p.m. ET

TABLE 5: Climate

7 MIN READ

Earth is likely to cross a critical threshold for global warming within the next decade, and nations will need to make an immediate and drastic shift away from fossil fuels to prevent the planet from overheating dangerously beyond that level, according to a major new report released on Monday.

The report, by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, provides a comprehensive understanding to date of ways in which the planet could rise 1.5 degrees Celsius (2.7 degrees Fahrenheit) above preindustrial levels if countries continue to burn coal, oil and natural gas.

That number holds a special significance in global climate politics, as nations have agreed to “pursue efforts” to hold global warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius above preindustrial levels. If that goal is not met, flooding, drought, crop failures and species extinction become significantly more likely.

But Earth has already warmed an average of 1.1 degrees Celsius since 1880, and in records last year, that goal is quickly slipping out of reach.

There is still one last chance to shift course, the new report says. If countries slash greenhouse gases roughly in half by 2030 and then stop adding carbon dioxide to the atmosphere altogether by the early 2060s, those two steps were taken, the world would have about a 50 percent chance of limiting warming to 1.5 degrees Celsius.

Delays of even a few years would most likely make that goal unattainable, guaranteeing a hotter, more perilous future.

“The pace and scale of what has been done so far and current plans are insufficient to tackle climate change,” said Hoesung Lee, the chair of the climate panel. “We are walking when we should be sprinting.”

The report comes as the world’s two biggest polluters, China and the United States, continue to approve new fossil fuel projects. Last year, China issued permits for 168 coal-fired power plants of various sizes, according to the Centre for Research on Energy and Clean Air in Finland. Last week, the Biden administration approved an enormous oil drilling project known as Willow that will take place on pristine federal land in Alaska.

The screenshot shows a Fox News article header with navigation links for U.S., Politics, World, Opinion, Media, Entertainment, Sports, Lifestyle, Video, and More. Trending topics include PUTIN-XI MEETING, TRUMP, SVB COLLAPSE, and BUSTER MURDAUGH. The article title is "UN report predicting climate catastrophe in 2030 met with mockery: 'Every single prediction' has been 'wrong'". Below the title, it says "Twitter users blasted a climate change report for continuing to warn about 'catastrophic' warming." The author is identified as "submitted by Sarah Mann".

submitted by Emma Greaves+

The needle is back. Here's how it works.

Our forecasting tool can help you understand which candidate or party is on track for victory.

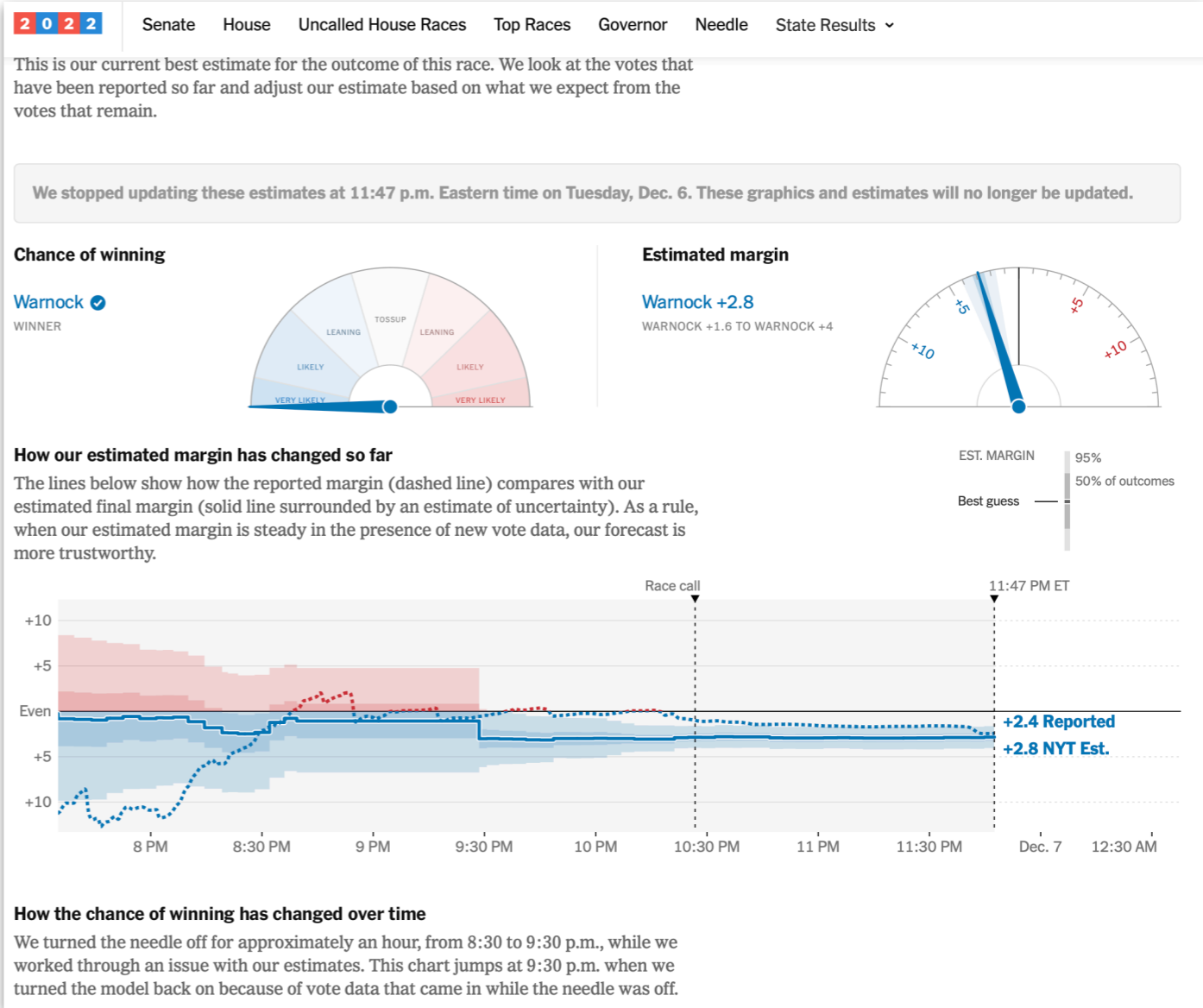


By The New York Times

Published Nov. 8, 2022 Updated Dec. 6, 2022

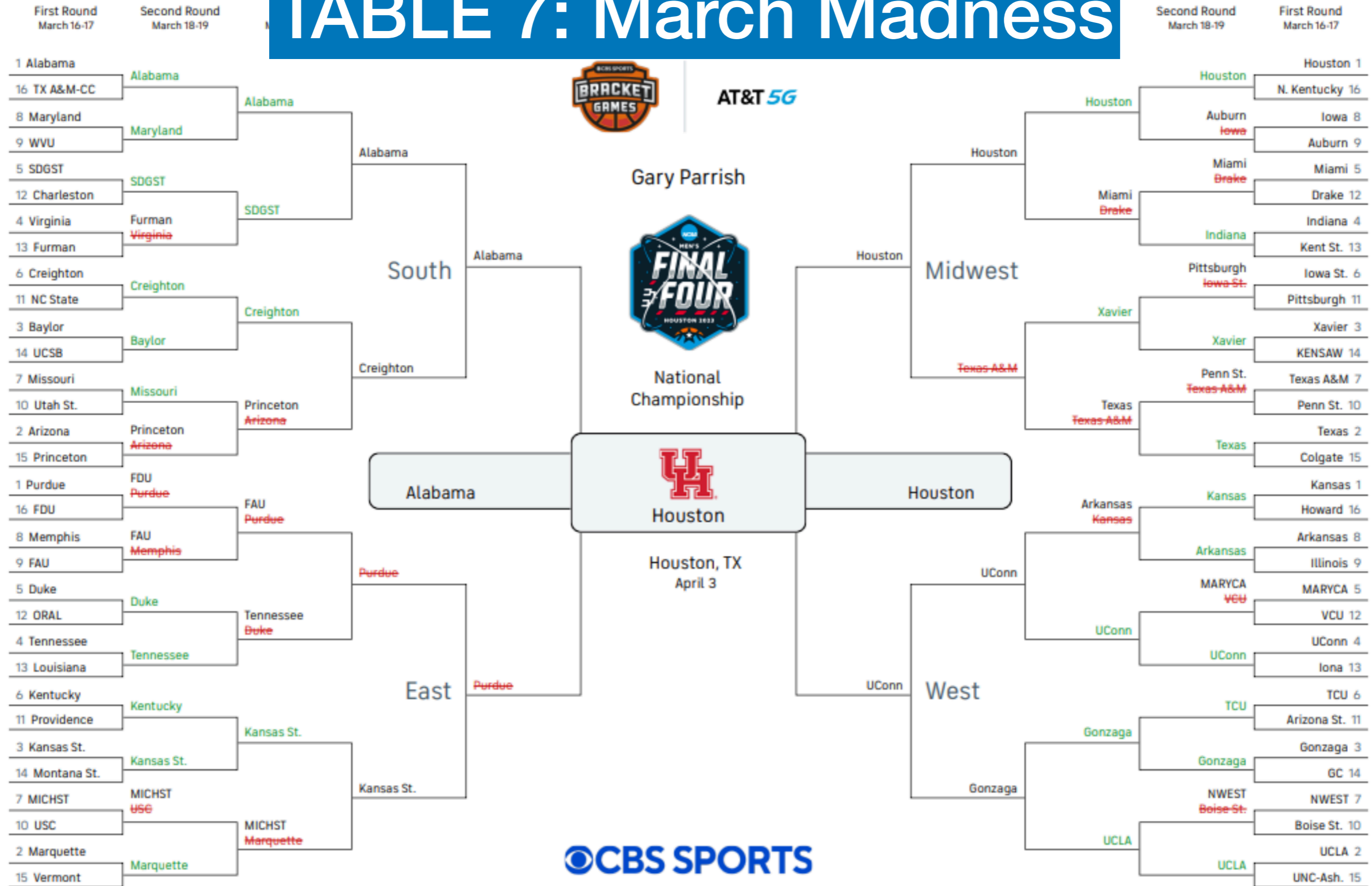
The [needle](#) is an innovative forecasting tool that was created by The New York Times and debuted in 2016. It is intended to help you understand what the votes tallied so far suggest about the most likely winner in key contests.

TABLE 6: Politics



submitted by Christina Xiao

TABLE 7: March Madness



submitted by many students

Prediction X: Modern Simulations--THEMES/TAGS

#simulation_or_model (c.f. list)

#theoretical_empirical (c.f. Rainbow diagram)

#framework_model_inputs (c.f. document)

#framework_testing (c.f. document)

#biases (c.f. document)

#uncertainty (c.f. document, puck simulation (link), Take a Sweater)

#approximation (c.f. Ten questions) #Heuristic

#public_reaction (c.f. document)

#predictability

(essay about predictability, determinism, randomness and uncertainty--use Clint's sand on shuffleboard analogy, includes

#convergence, #divergence, #feedback #chaos)

#unkown_unknowns

#bayes_theorem

#deterministic_vs_probabilistic (probabilistic vs. deterministic prediction...when is uncertainty small enough to call it "deterministic"?)

#machine_learning (c.f. list)

#artificial_intelligence(c.f. list, Derek's Day)

#prediction_vs_decision

#explanation_vs_prediction (c.f. rainbow diagram)

#technology_theoretical_computation_and_math (c.f. list)

#technology_observational_experimental_devices_and_sensors (c.f. PtN)

#future_of_the_future

#personal_or_societal

#samplesize

#resolution

#rainbow_diagram

These "tags," used on LabXchange will all make sense to you by the end of our course...

(video assignments to come + read Nate Silver's book, please!)



"MODERN PREDICTION"

Kinds of



"HUMAN"
STATISTICAL
SIMULATION
COMBINATIONS

To make predictions about



EARTH



HEALTH



SPACE



WEALTH

AND MORE...

With outcomes that are either "deterministic" or "probabilistic."



EARTH



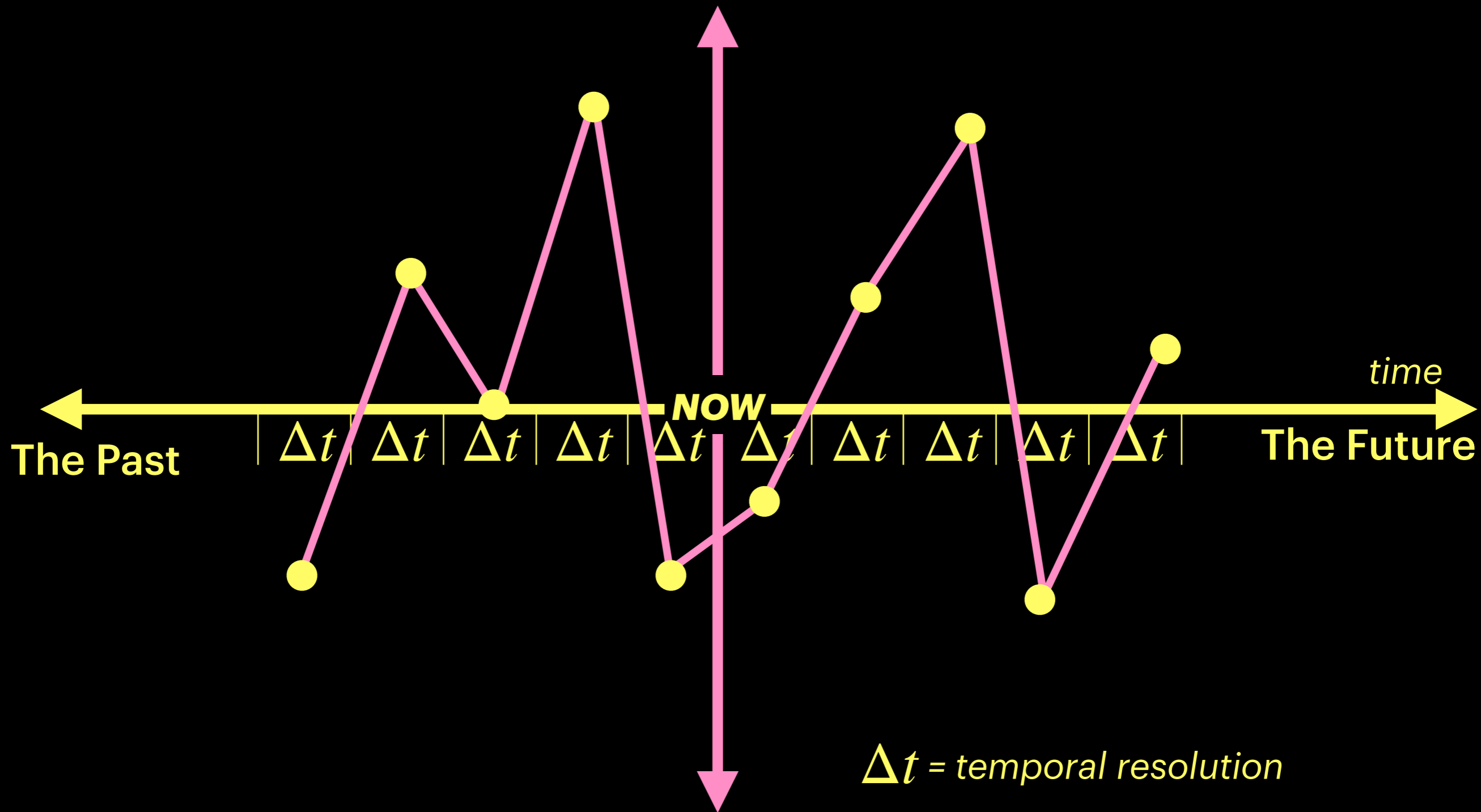
HEALTH



SPACE



WEALTH



The IllustrisTNG Project

“The next generation of cosmological hydrodynamical simulations.”

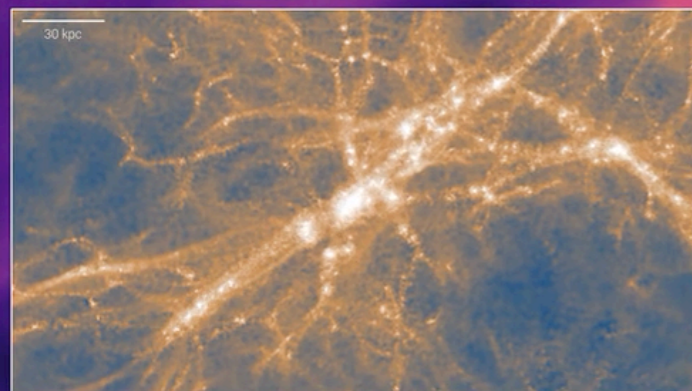
tng-project.org

10 kpc

$z = 8.3$

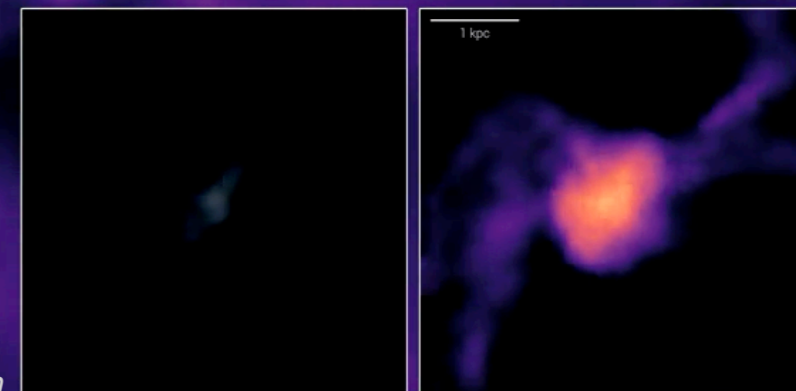
$\Delta x, \Delta t$

$\log M_{\star} = 7.94$
 $\text{SFR} = 0.2 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$



gas density, transitioning to gas metallicity during the brief pause and rotation

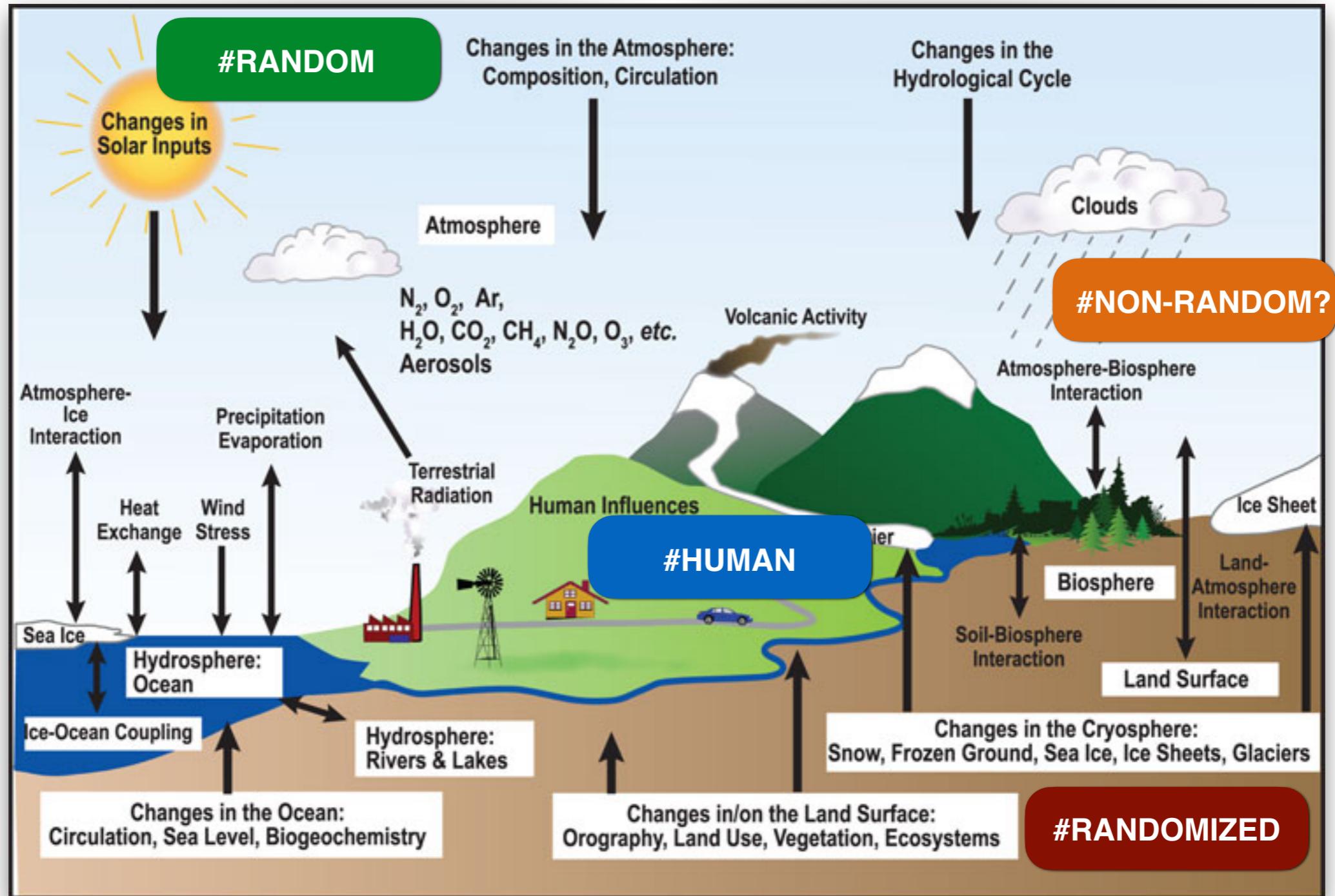
large-scale dark matter, then gas



small-scale stellar & gaseous distributions

TNG50

Climate Simulation Needs all inputs, all approaches, careful uncertainty evaluation



blogs.scientificamerican.com/the-curious-wavefunction/are-more-accurate-climate-change-models-worse

Simulation, Resolution, Uncertainty

SLIDE-THE-PUCK KNOW-HOW

1. Use full screen

2. How to Play:

1. Decide how rough your table is



The lower the number, the more rough your table will be and the more the puck will veer off course.

2. Choose the number of games and pucks by clicking anywhere on the grid

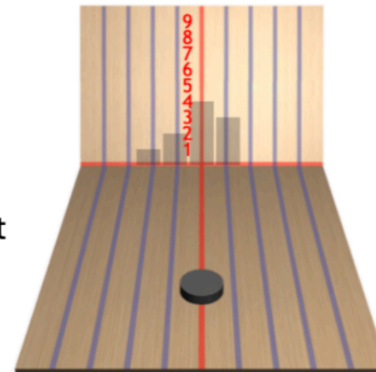


3. Click the blue link to finish the game and have all the boxes automatically filled in.

3. Understanding Your Results

THE BOARD

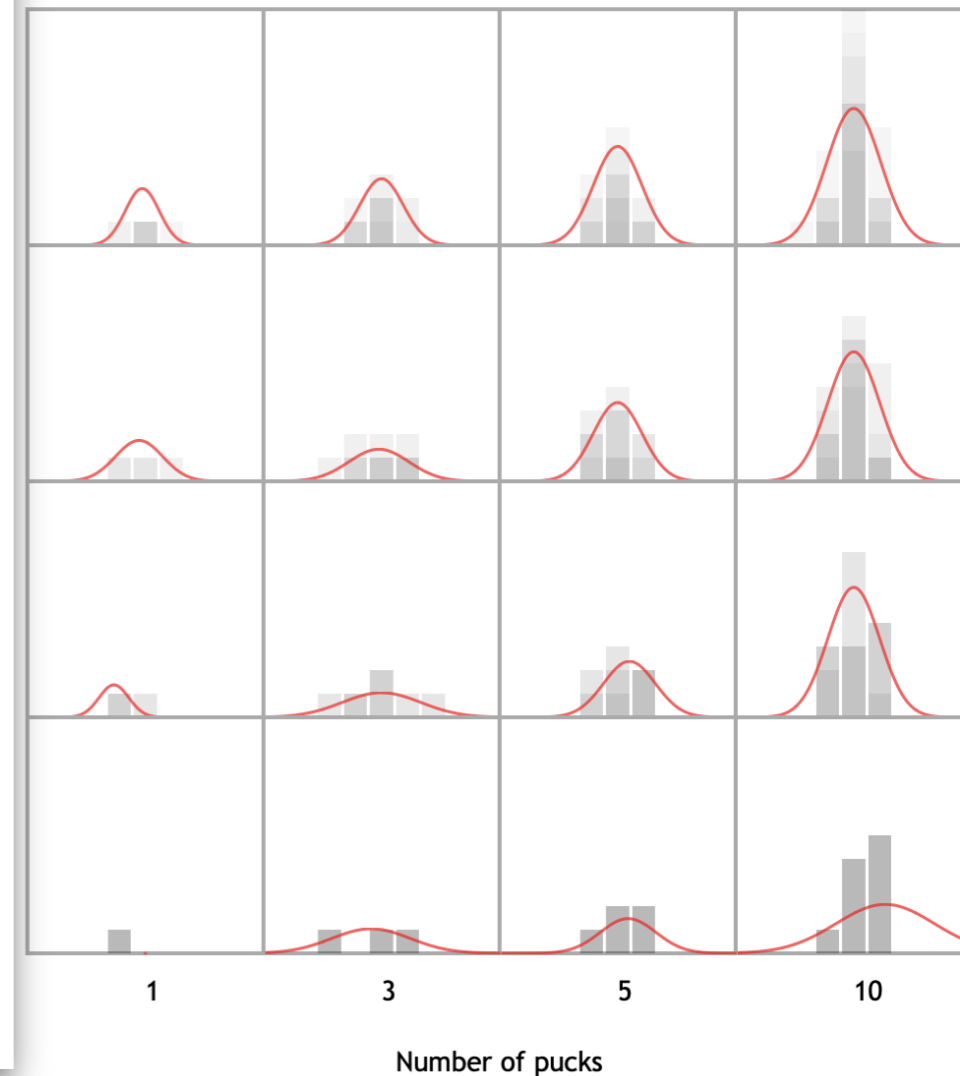
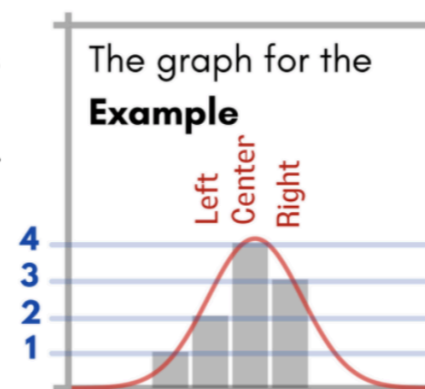
Example: The puck hit the board 4 times at the center, 3 times to the right of the center, and 2 times to the left of the center

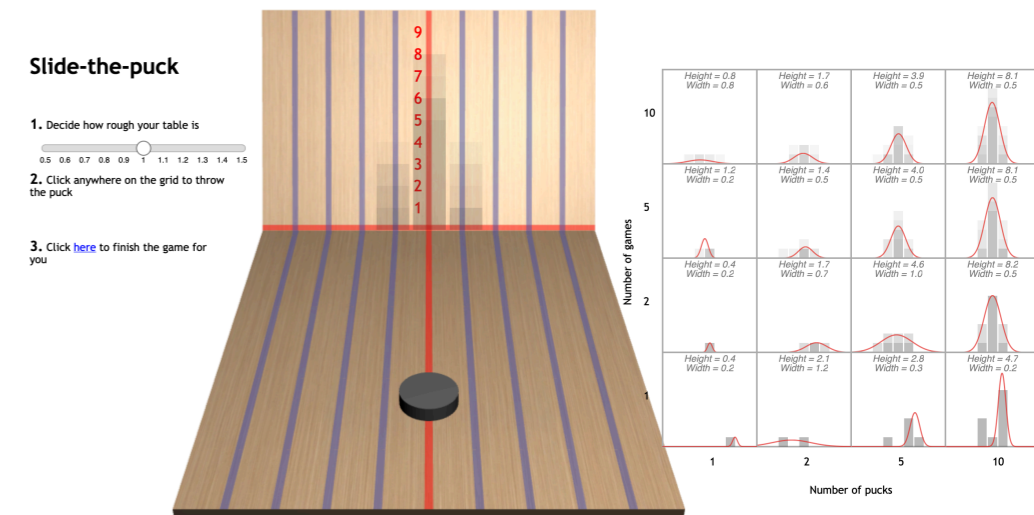
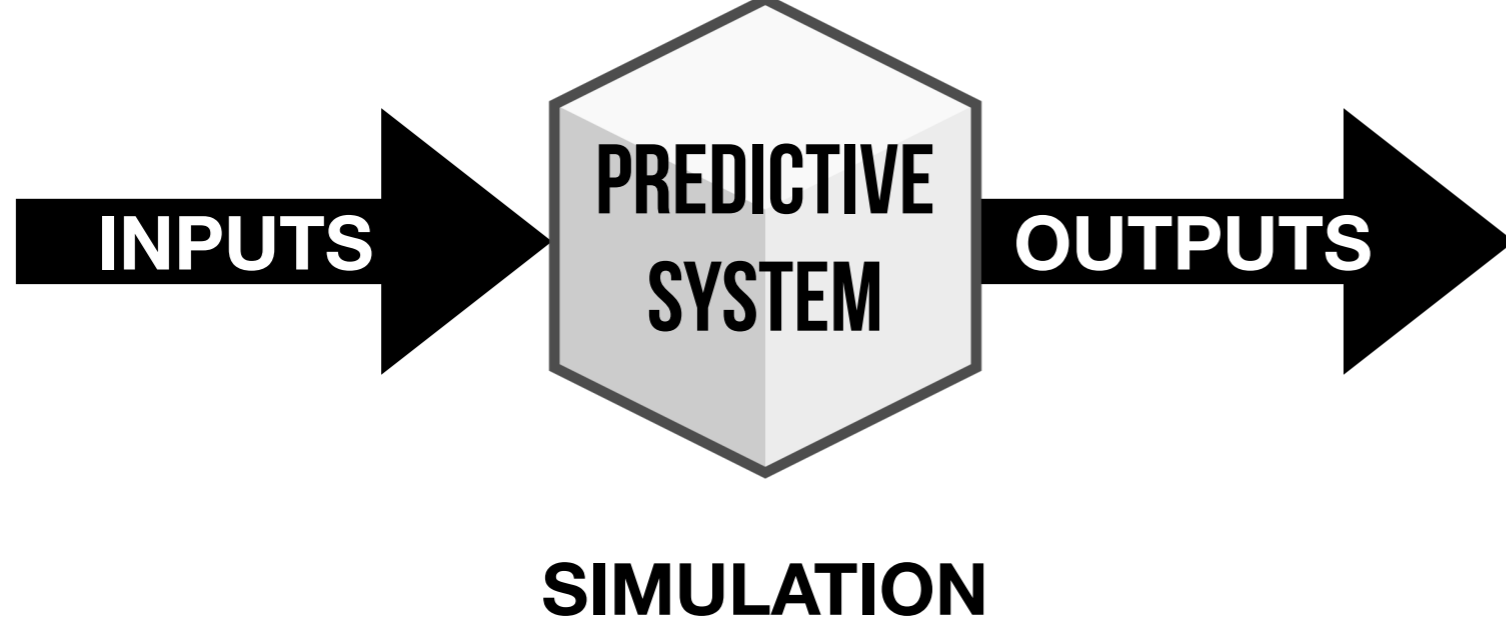


THE GRAPH

The y-axis is the number of times a puck hit that position and the x-axis is the position of the puck.

Example: The puck hit the board 4 times at the center, 3 times to the right of the center, and 2 times to the left of the center





What comes into play in this SIMULATION?

The model in this “predictive system” is **#NON-RANDOM** Newtonian physics, with friction.

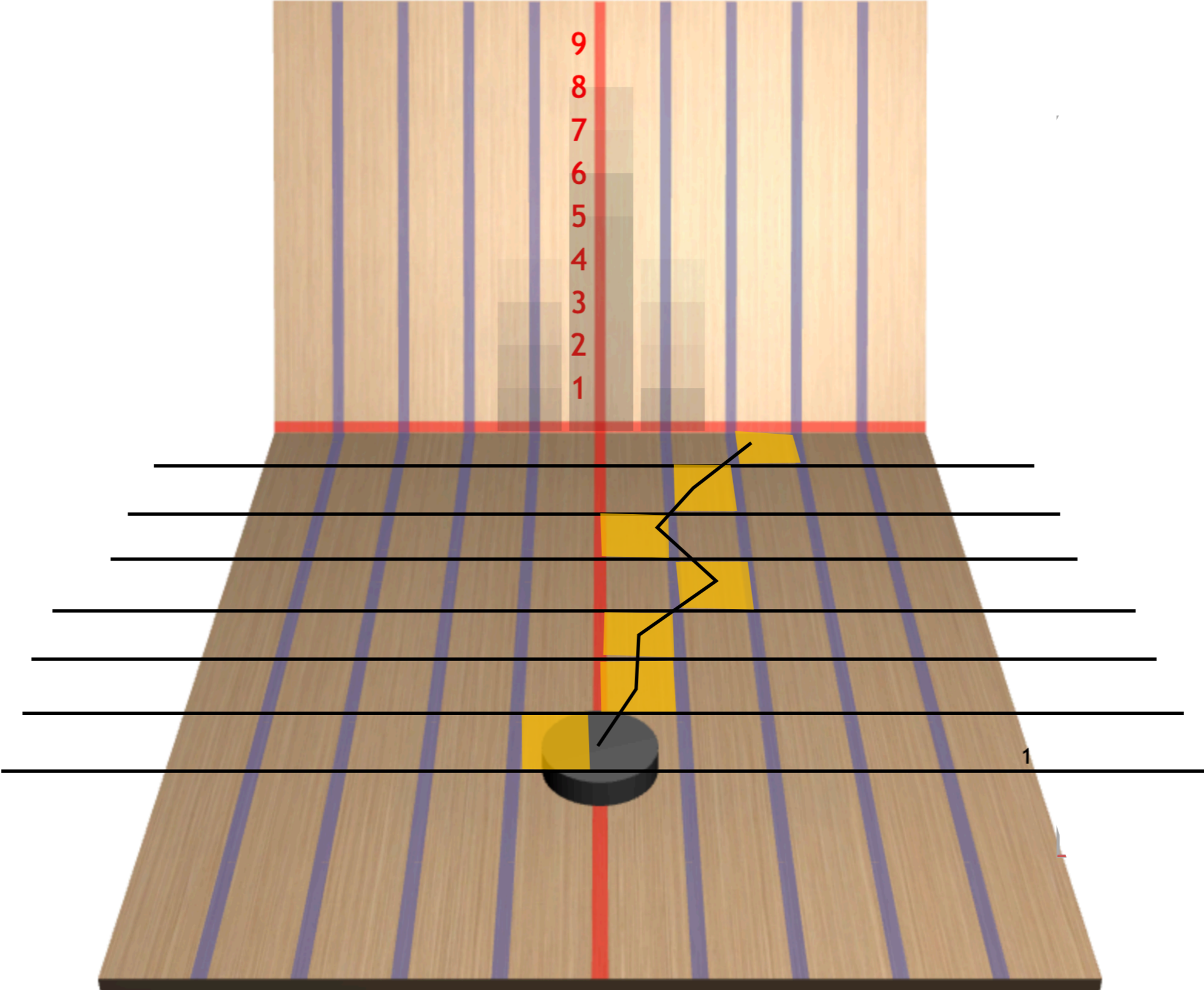
The puck is launched with in a **#RANDOMIZED** direction (**input**) whose **mean** is straight ahead (along the red line).

At each “**time-step**,” the puck’s direction is given a **#RANDOMIZED** directional offset, within a small range centered on “straight ahead.” The range is determined by the “roughness” of the table. Perfectly smooth=exactly straight ahead.

The path of the puck looks jerky when you play because the **time** and/or **spatial resolution** of the situation is low (not very good).

The **distribution** of final positions (**outputs**) shows a range of positions (“**uncertainty**” around prediction of exactly straight ahead) effected by **inputs** (in this case table roughness), and settles to reliable values with more and more **trials**.

The path of the puck looks jerky when you play because the **time** and/or **spatial resolution** of the situation is low (not very good).



Some jargon that matters

“Out of Sample” Events

"ensemble model with stochastic representations of uncertainty"

Prediction: Week 8

Introduction to Modern “Simulations” (Modern Predictions)

(Your final projects)

How to evaluate and appreciate **accuracy and uncertainty in Predictions.**

Weather & Climate Prediction

Your final projects:

How to evaluate and appreciate **accuracy** and **uncertainty** in Predictions.

The plan for final projects (link)

“Carry out a study a particular type of predictive system, with special attention to how **accurate** it *should* be, how **uncertainty** is measured, and how uncertainty about it is **communicated**. In particular, find a way to **study** its **accuracy** on your own, either with new analysis, or from the literature. In the end, you will create an **online video summary** (5 minutes long) of your findings, with accompanying text and graphics.”

On **Canvas** you will find a link to a Google Doc that provides:

1. Detailed **instructions**, with a step-by-step “rubric” for what we’d like you to include (history of the field, documentation of your research, controversies, future prospects, etc.), and point values.
2. Request to finalize your topic, in consultation with your TF.
3. Possible **themed**-sections or TF office hours, depending on your schedules.

Shall AG remove Option B?

Your final projects:
How to evaluate and appreciate accuracy and uncertainty in Predictions.

Where does *uncertainty* in Prediction come from?

Human Behavior



Models'

Resolution, Appropriateness, Inputs

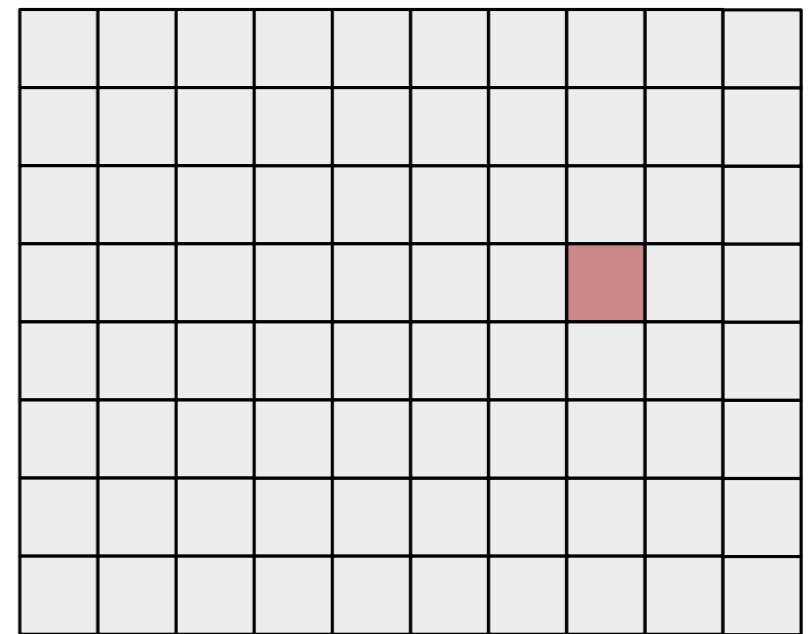


TABLE TALK

Consider & discuss
methods of
prediction &
sources of
uncertainty for your
table's system
(Slides on Canvas
under "Discussions")

Prediction: Week 8

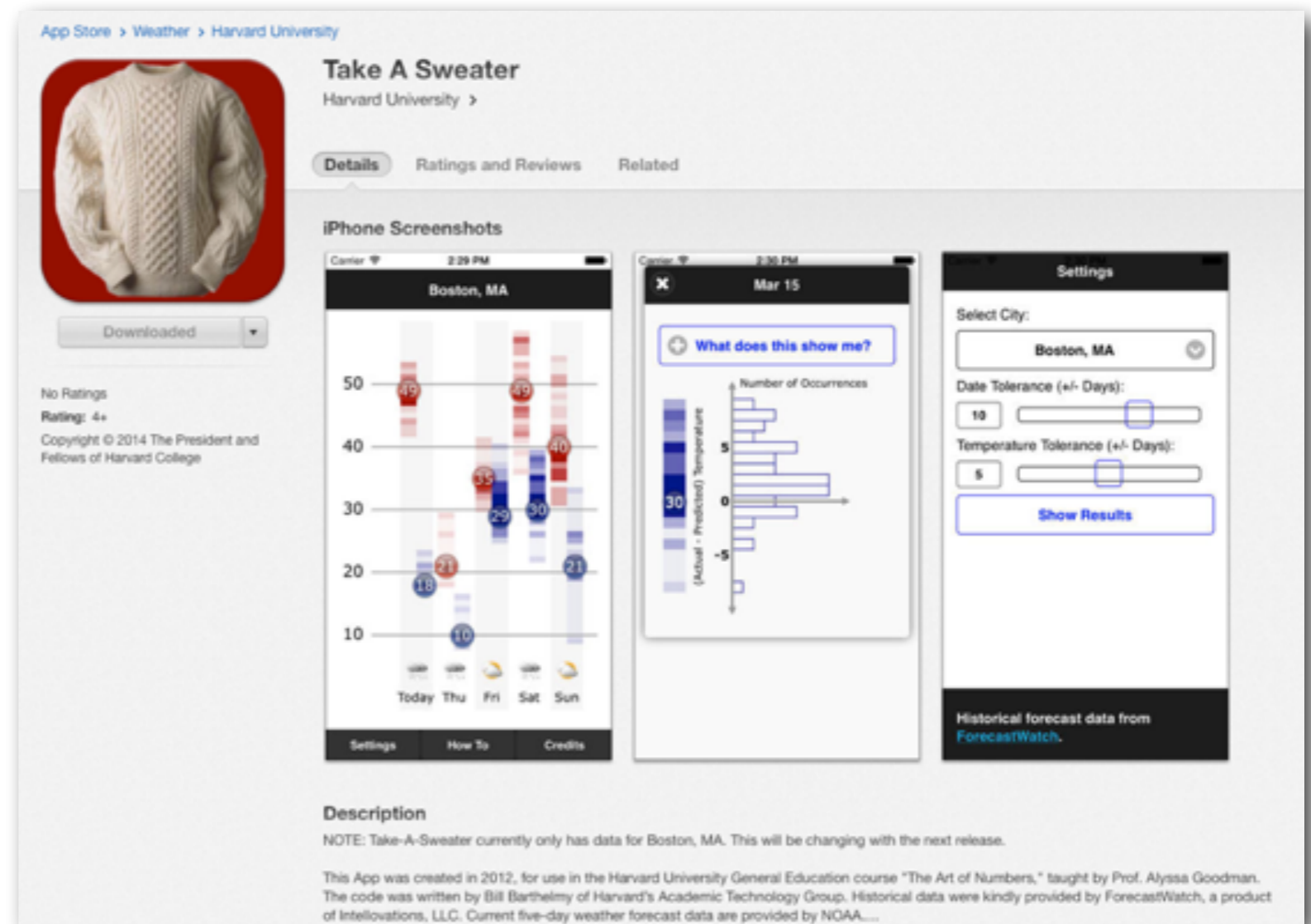
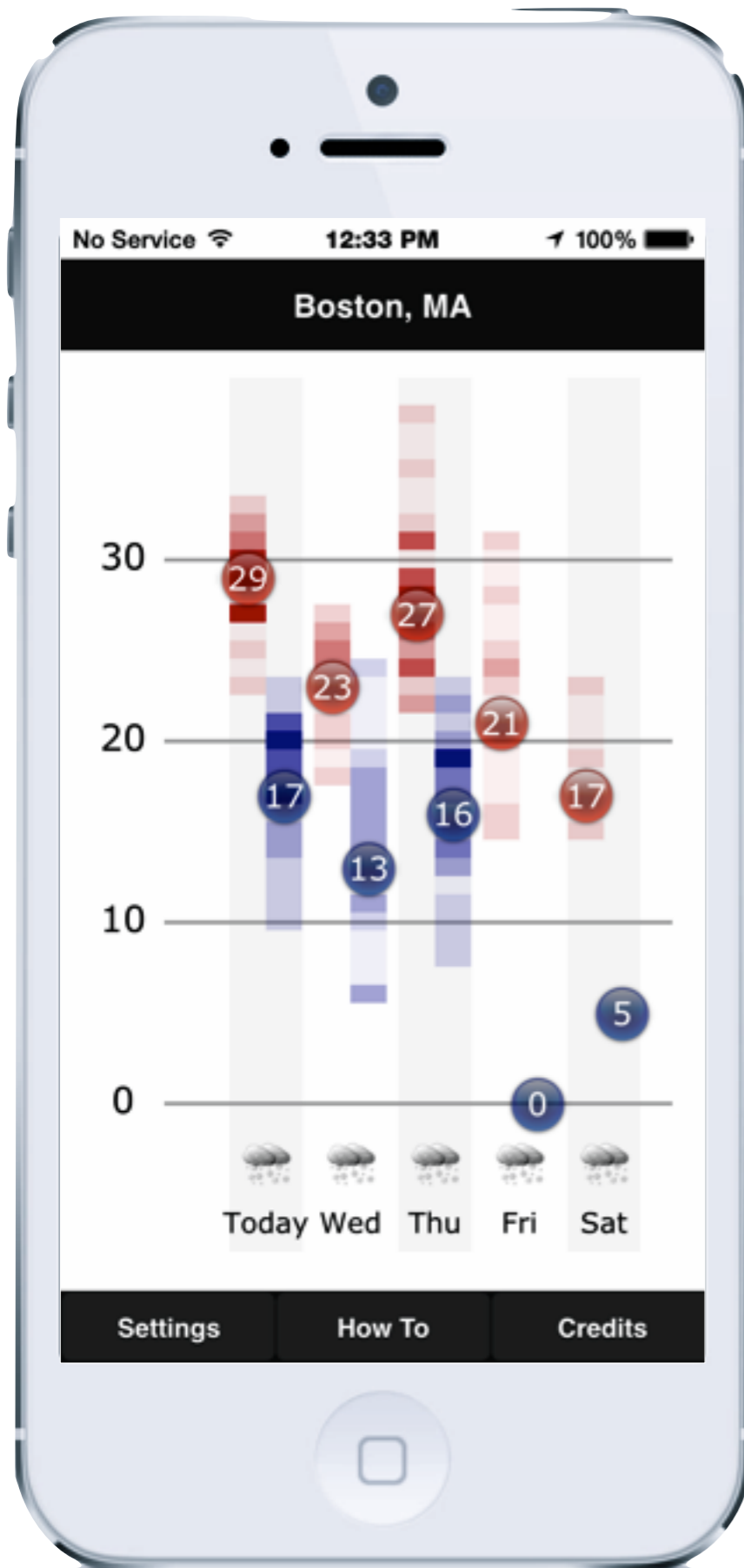
Introduction to Modern “Simulations” (Modern Predictions)

(Your final projects)

How to evaluate and appreciate **accuracy and uncertainty in Predictions.**

Weather & Climate Prediction

"Take A Sweater"



App Store > Weather > Harvard University

Take A Sweater

Harvard University >

Details Ratings and Reviews Related

iPhone Screenshots

Downloaded

No Ratings
Rating: 4+
Copyright © 2014 The President and Fellows of Harvard College

Select City: Boston, MA

Date Tolerance (+/- Days): 10

Temperature Tolerance (+/- Days): 5

Show Results

Historical forecast data from ForecastWatch.

Description

NOTE: Take-A-Sweater currently only has data for Boston, MA. This will be changing with the next release.

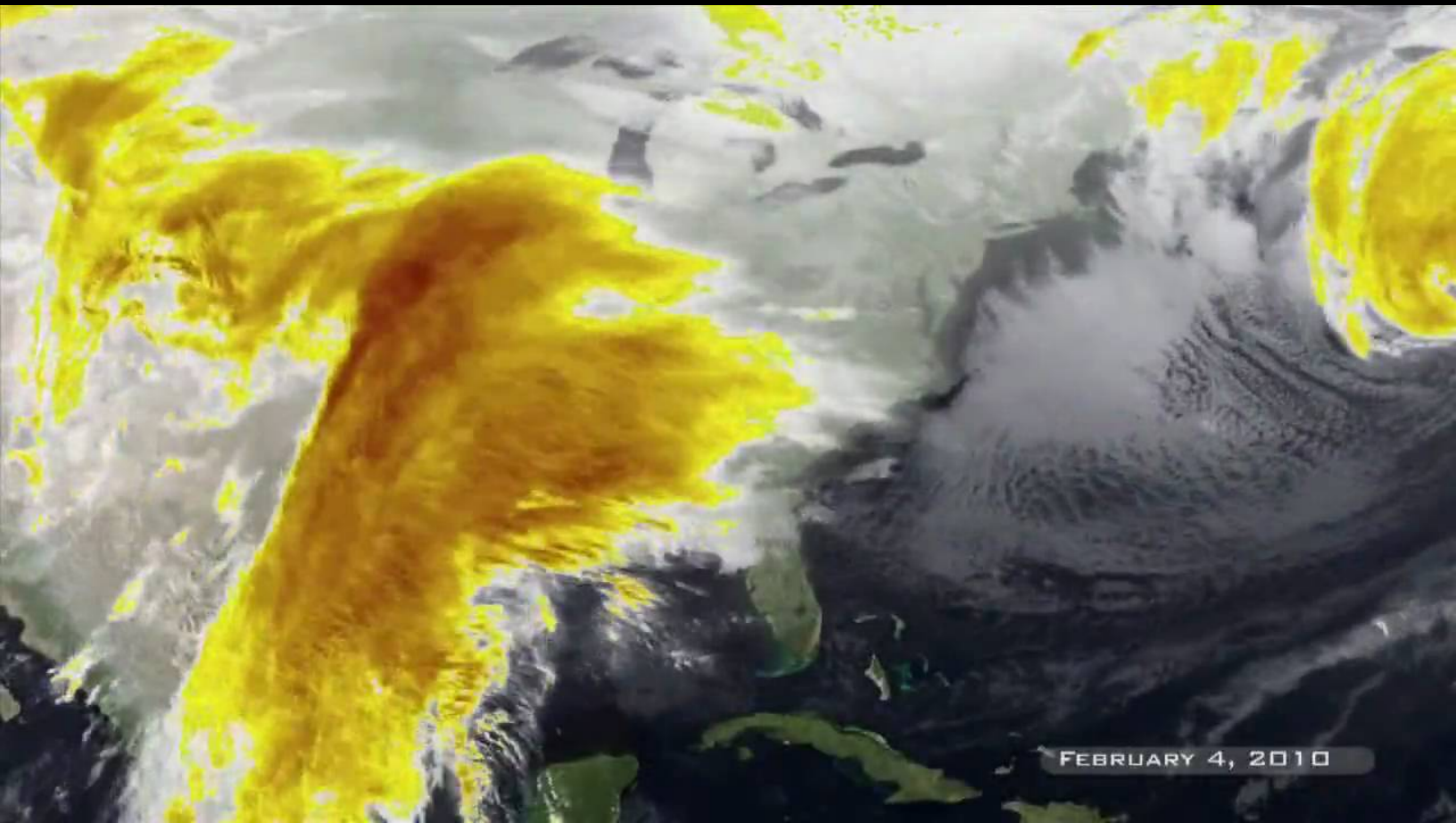
This App was created in 2012, for use in the Harvard University General Education course "The Art of Numbers," taught by Prof. Alyssa Goodman. The code was written by Bill Barthelmy of Harvard's Academic Technology Group. Historical data were kindly provided by ForecastWatch, a product of Intellovations, LLC. Current five-day weather forecast data are provided by NOAA....

takeasweater.com, and "TakeASweater" in the Apple App Store

with thanks to Eric **Floehr** of Forecast Watch and Bill **Barthelmy** of HUIT Academic Technology at FAS

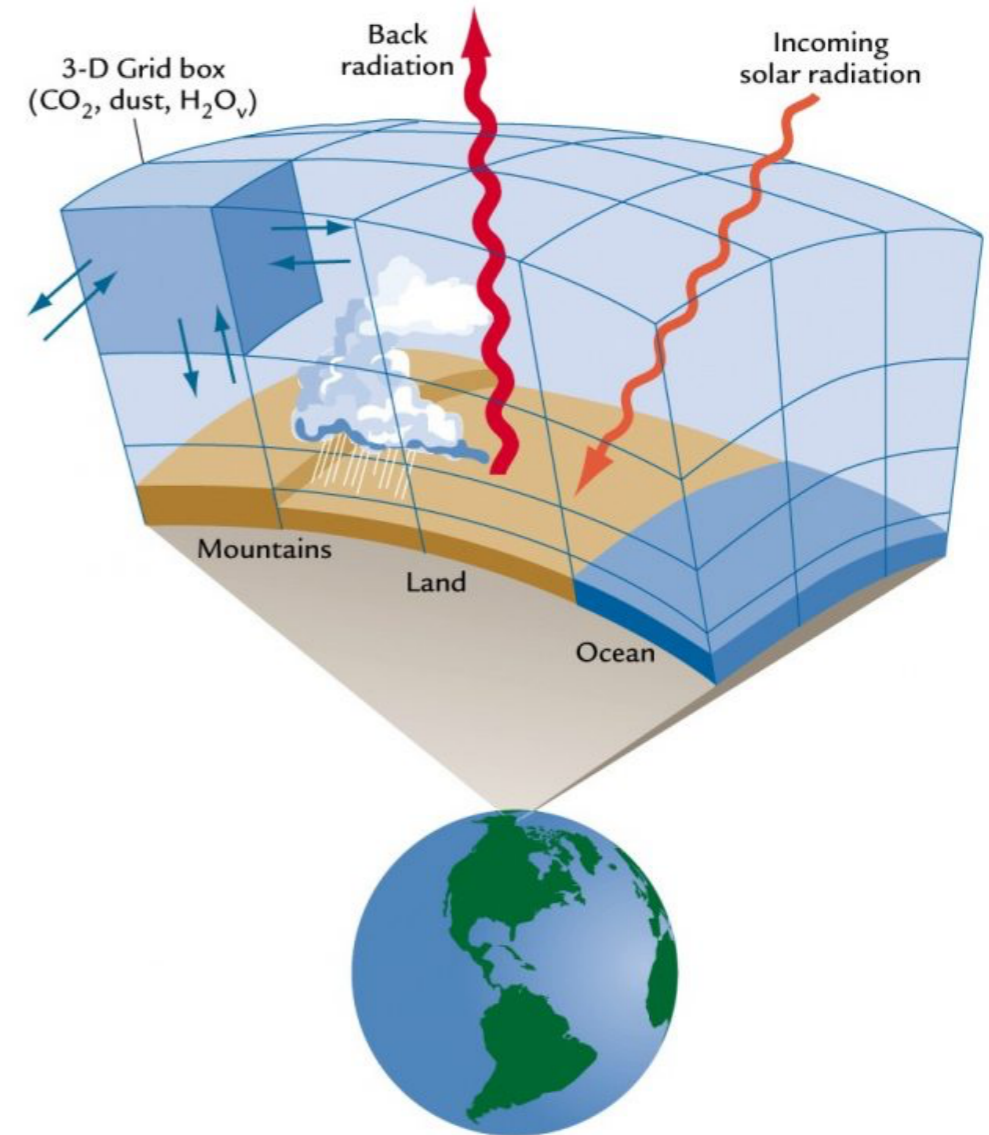
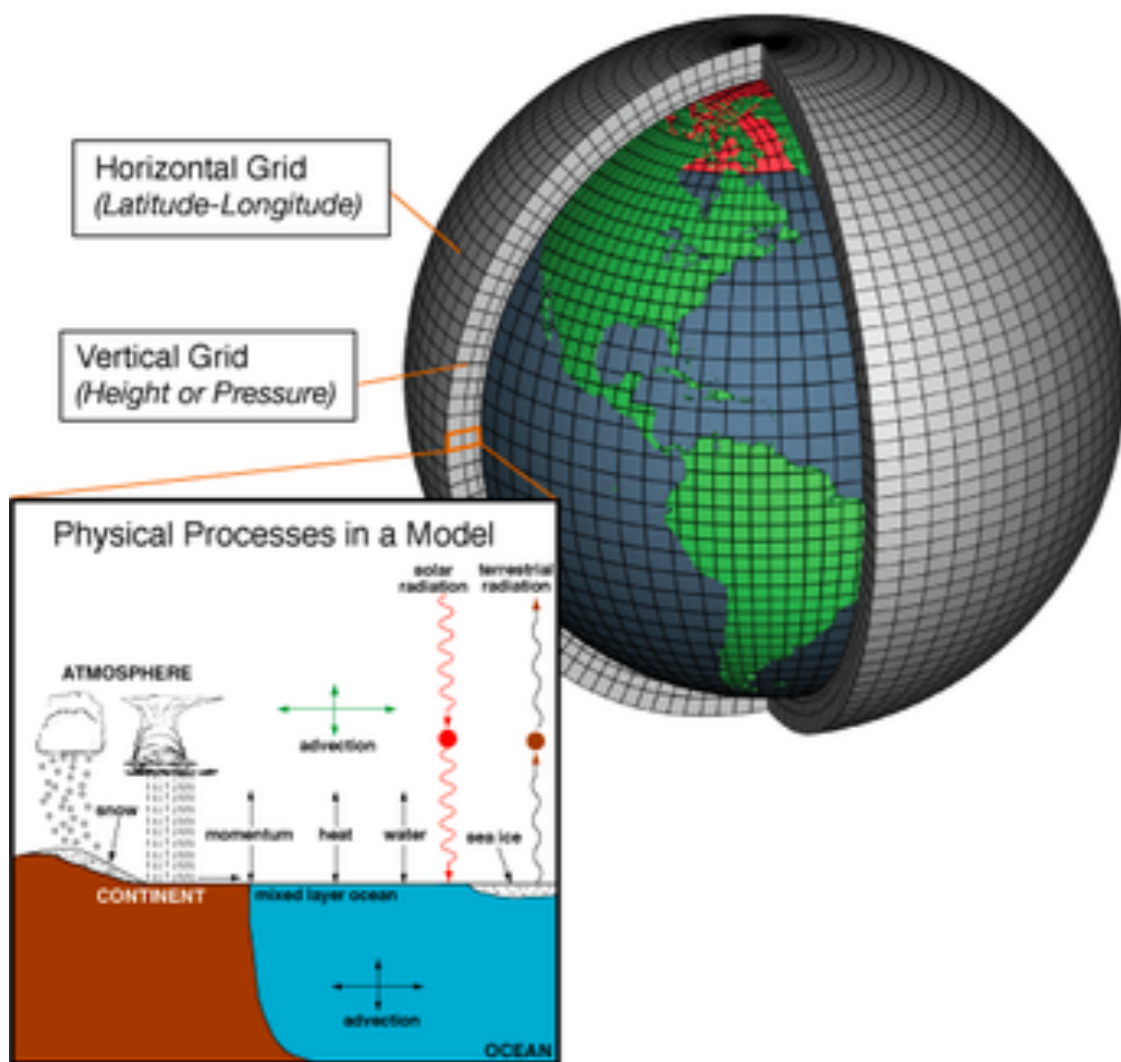
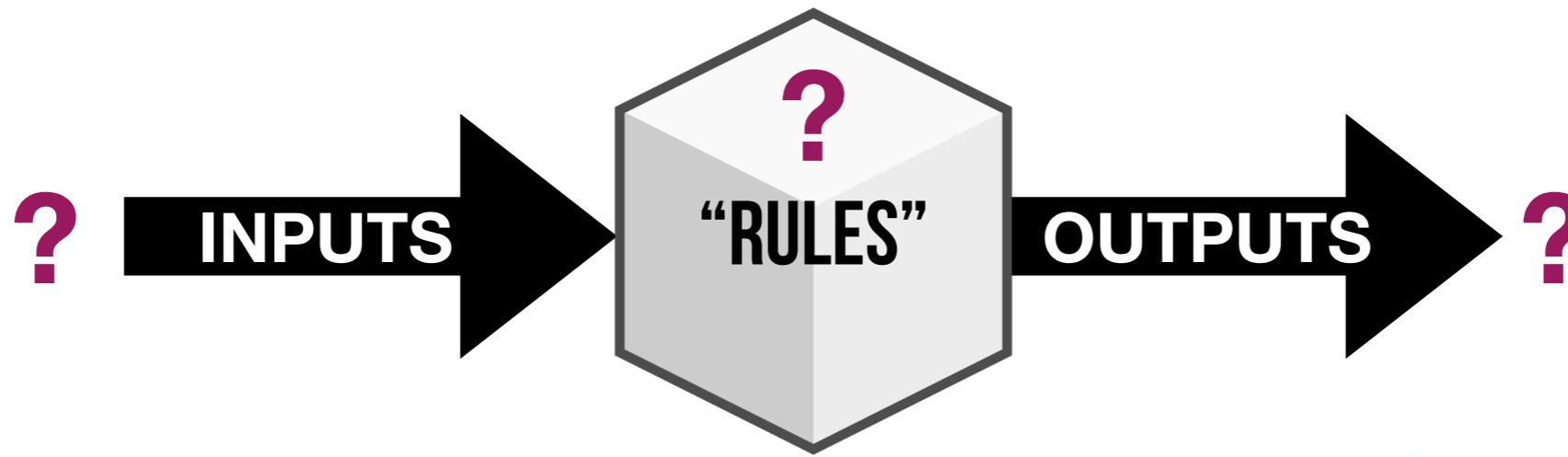


“Supercomputing the Climate”



FEBRUARY 4, 2010

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jj0WsQYtT7M>



What measured inputs are important to numerical simulations of weather?

Top

What "rules" (e.g. physical and/or chemical principles) are used in numerical simulations of weather?

Top

What are the key outputs of weather prediction?

[Top](#)

“The Primacy of Doubt”

Weather forecasting

Weather forecasting is the application of current technology and science to predict the state of the atmosphere for a future time and a given location.

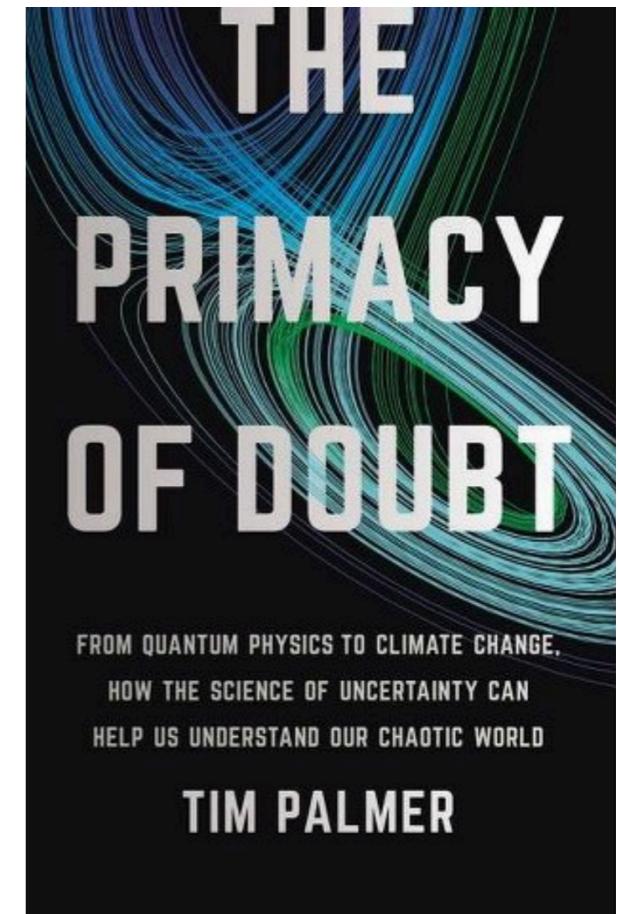
Weather forecasts are made by collecting as much data as possible about the current state of the atmosphere (particularly the temperature, humidity and wind) and using understanding of atmospheric processes (through meteorology) to determine how the atmosphere evolves in the future.

However, the chaotic nature of the atmosphere and incomplete understanding of the processes mean that forecasts become less accurate as the range of the forecast increases.

Traditional observations made at the surface of atmospheric pressure, temperature, wind speed, wind direction, humidity, precipitation are collected routinely from trained observers, automatic weather stations or buoys.

During the data assimilation process, information gained from the observations is used in conjunction with a numerical model's most recent forecast for the time that observations were made to produce the meteorological analysis.

More is to come...



Weather & Climate Prediction

computers to solve them.

The output from the model provides the basis of the weather forecast.

Note: The above text is excerpted from the Wikipedia article "[Weather forecasting](#)", which has been released under the [GNU Free Documentation License](#).

sciencedaily.com/terms/weather_forecasting.htm

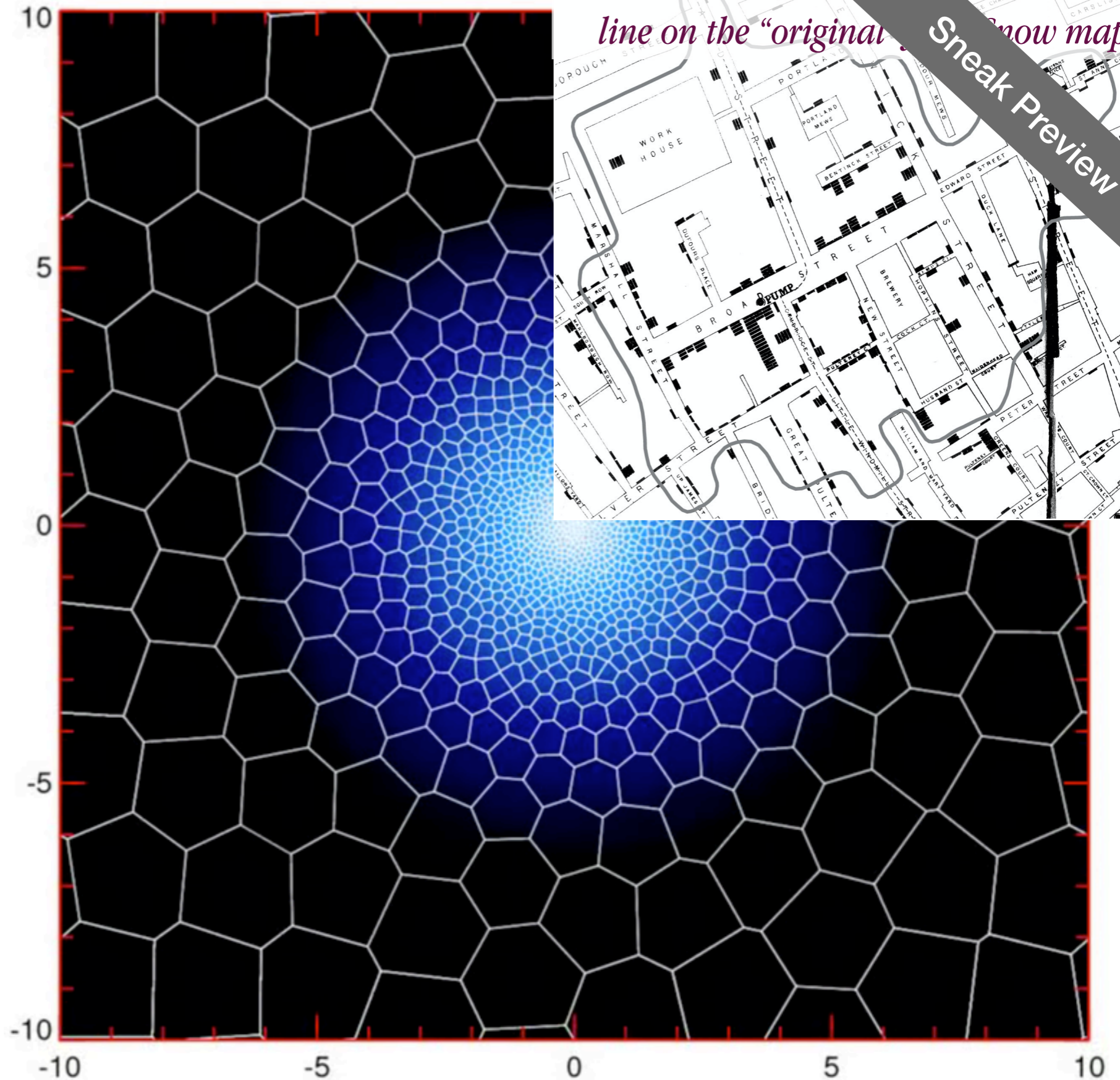
Factors Determining Uncertainty

Very clever modern simulation
“meshes” *move* and *adjust* with what’s happening in the simulation.

(e.g. Arepo “moving mesh” code, using Voronoi tessellation)

#resolution

#approximation

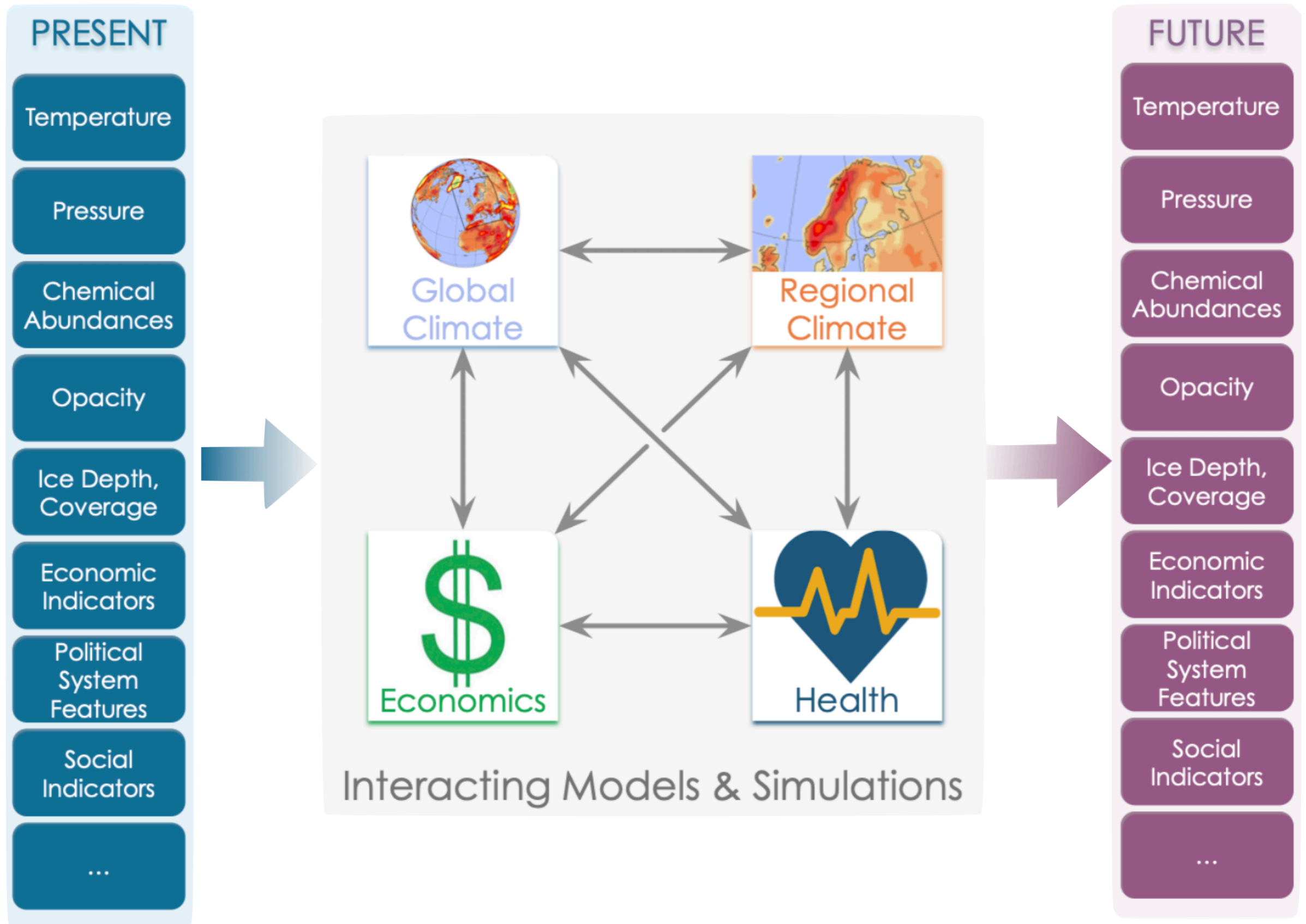


Next time... Silver vs. Palmer views re:Weather/Climate (after you hear Palmer interview)

Does human visualization help? Silver says yes , Palmer says no... Silver says National Weather Service keeps 2 sets of records, w/ & w/o humans, and w/humans is better, refutes Silver's claim of no study?

Palmer: Weather—fractal models? Chaos? (Lorenz)
“microphysics of ice is not in the simulations”

Where we will be in 5 weeks...



Fine points & questions for future discussions

“Simulation” vs. “Numerical Experiment”

Simulation: goal is reality

Numerical Experiment: A “what if” question, about one parameter or idea.

What to do about critical inputs you can't have

(e.g. underground activity in earthquake forecasting, true # of COVID-19 infections, aspects of human behavior)?

Is a more complicated system always better?

SimCity 2000 vs. The Sims...



[DOWNLOAD PC VERSION](#)

Play Sim City 2000 | DOS game online in browser

Sim City 2000 Browser Version

[Play online](#)[ENG](#)[Mobile](#)[</>](#) [↗](#)

Sim City 2000: Video and Screenshots



dos.zone/sim-city-2000-1993/

**Words or phrases you heard in class recently
that were MOST unfamiliar or confusing to
you...**

extra materials...

HEDGEHOG OR FOX



Moving towards one big clear idea

Chasing after many little ideas quickly

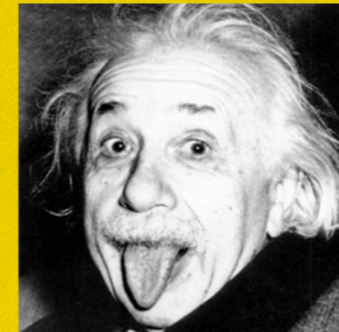
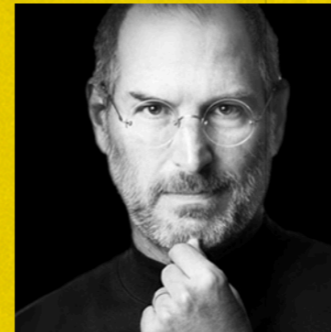
hedgehogsvsfoxes.com/take-a-test/

you are a HEDGEHOG

The greek poet Archilochus wrote: "The fox knows many things, but the hedgehog knows one big thing."

As a hedgehog, you structure your mind around a single, defining idea. You probe deeply and narrowly, and you know where you're going. You're determined and have a straightforward way of thinking.

Famous Hedgehogs



but... Does Nate Silver have it backwards? slate.com/culture/2014/03/foxes-vs-hedgehogs-a-history-from-nate-silver-fivethirtyeight-and-isaiah-berlin-back-to-archilochus-of-paros.html

To use the Forum...

Spaces by Wix

Join “PredictionX” on Spaces by Wix

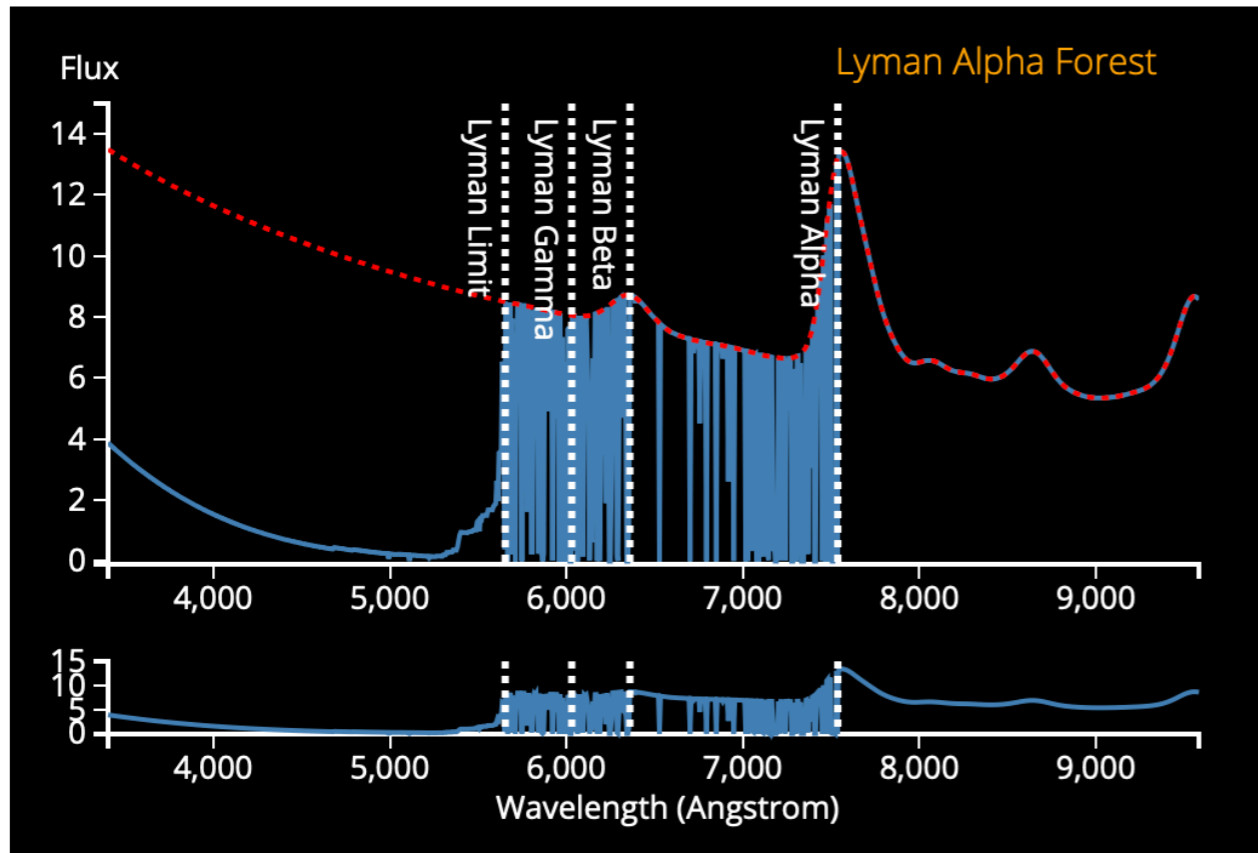
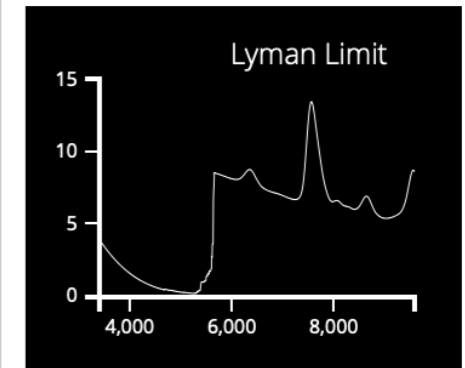
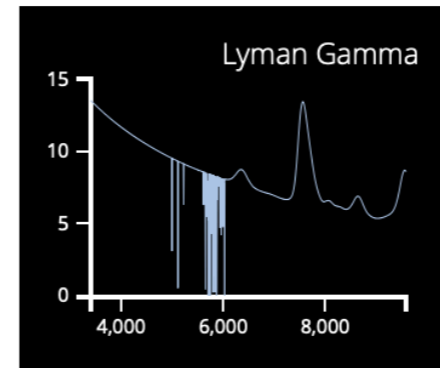
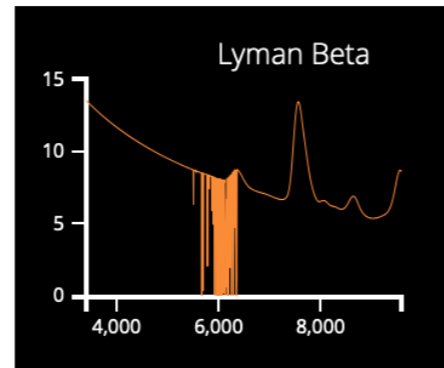
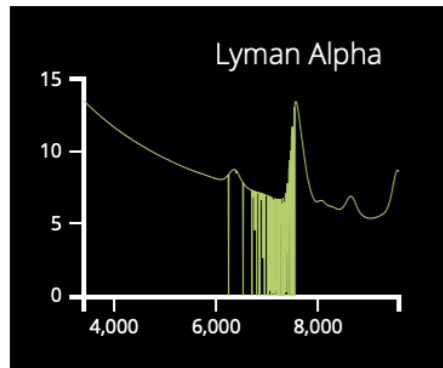
Download the app and join “PredictionX” to check out their site on the go and stay updated with the latest news, offers and more.

Enter your phone number to get a download link

 US +1

Or scan to download





Remove plot labels

- Lyman-alpha
- Lyman-beta
- Lyman-gamma
- Lyman-limit

- Continuum subtracted
- Quasar mode
- Quasar Spectrum

Animate



Total column density

7.9e17 atoms/cm²



Redshift index, β

20.1



Column density index, α

1.3



Quasar redshift

5.2



What *is* a numerical “simulation” or a “model”?